PRESIDENT'S OFFICE

Knowledge is Power-and the way to keep up with modern Knowlege is to read a good Newspaper.

Vol. XIX.

Five Cents per Copy.

HEREA, MADISON COUNTY KENTTOKY, MAIOUL 13, 1918.

One Dollar per Year.

The Farm Labor Problem

It is conceded that the farm labor difficulty is wellnigh universal according to the reports from the various

The responsibility for this shortage is due to natural drift to the cities, the effect of the draft and the lure of the highly paid war industries.

The question arises: "What are we going to do

Among the many plans proposed and being carried out is the farm-labor program, instituted by the Department of Agriculture which includes seven well defined methods of procedure.

1) A systematic survey of the farm labor situation. (2) Fuller co-operation among farmers of the same community. (3) Transfer of labor from one section to another. (4) Making available labor not formerly utilized including school boys with experience on the farm. (5) Releasing men from work that can be done by women and by diverting labor from non-essential enterprises. (6) Any able bodied men not doing a full and useful day's work shall be fully and regularly employed. (7) The largest possible production and fullest use of farm labor-saving machinery.

Send Your Books to the Boys in Camp and Trench

A great book campaign will be on March 18-25, 1918, for the purpose of mobilizing books for our fighting men. Our soldiers must receive during the inevitable leisure hours in training and in service the humanizing, helpful effects of good reading.

The Public Library must accompany the men thru the war. This war must not be a war of destruction

only; but constructive as well. Several thousand books have been supplied. The

cry goes out for two million more. True American people want to serve their fighting men. Do you?

WHERE THE ALLIED LOANS GO with us almost as rapidly as they

More people than you believe are got it! under the ingression that the money So the money you put into Liberty trim for the trenches. which I'nete Sam is lending to the Bonds in the two preceding cam-Allies leaves America for ex- paigns has been trickling back thru eign countries

This is a mistaken idea.

produced goods, manifons, and food and caring for a developing army the investigation of the death of stuffs.

Since the declaration of war against Germany on April 6, 1917, the war lasts. The men utleld must Congress has authorized the lending be supplied with munitions, cloth- Zachary Taylor surgeon. Monday, of \$7,000,000,000 to the Allies, to be ing and food. Every line of Ameri- in testifying before the court-marpaid over before July 1, 1918. We can endeaver will profit. The larger tial trying Maj. Milton Board for alto November t the Allies had re- the bond sales, the greater the leged negligence in connection with ceived advances aggregating \$3,89t, growth of the Allied armies and the death of Otha Murray, Cumber-400,000. They had expended in their requirements; the more tre- land County, Kentucky, soldier, America for supplies \$2,758,900,000, mendous the expenditure, and had remaining to their credit | Every dollar you put into Liberty the discharge of Murray. in the United States treasury a bal-Honds is an added stimulus to Amer ance of 8932,500,000,

From April to November the Allies had been borrowing from Unele

\$500,000,000 a month. And they had been spending it mailed fist.

In spite of the unsettled condi-All persons or firms engaged in tions, the total American trade with importing, manufacturing, storing, Bussia amounted to \$438,000,000 in ordistributing fertilizers or ferbilizer 1917, a decrease of only \$39,000,000 ingredients must secure license on as compared with 19th. This de- or before March 20. Application crease was in the Irade with Asi- must be made to the Law Departathe hussia and is altributed to con-ment, License Division, United chester to institute an investigagestion and import restriction at States Food Administration, Wash- tion into the cause of the falling of Valdivostok inglon, D. C.

perity.

CONTENTS

and World News.

PAGE 2.—Departmental Columns. PAGE 3. -"Huns' tuposed Absurd We have some very interesting of Health is expected to be reached

Nest Simple. PAGE 4.-Locals.

ed Nobly, but Still Breater Sac-, all parties concerned are helped. ritice Must Be Made. - Sherm's

Letters.

your friends this bit of news.

Citizen family when you once get family get mighty hungry for news acquainted with the rest of us. If when you fail.

bor Problem; Send Your Books tion has expired and it is time to ses. The churches held memorial to the Boys in Camp and Treuch. send in another dollar just for services for the dead, -Our Own State News; tl. S. "friendship sake" which will last a whole year.

of nearly 2,000,000 men.

And so it will continue as long as

ican industry and American pros-

Fines. — Trains 30,000 Home ads this week; some you never saw lo-day when delegations from Service Committeemen. -Tran before, Read them; and if you have Frankfort, Lexington, and Bowling anything to advertise let us know, lireen will rppear before the Honse and we will tell you just how much committee and present the claims PAGE 5 .- Local News Articles. - it will cost. We are here to serve; PAGE 6. - Mountain Agriculture: all you have to do is to pay the mittee has visited both Lexington Danger; An Important War Du- small pittance that we charge in and Bowling Green and will make ty of the South for 1918; Coop- order to live. We are not niming its report to the House. eration not Competition Must to become wealthy, but would be Govern Business in Future. - glad to see our friends succeed as Cincinnati Markets,-Home De-, well. The advertising plan is a copartment: Nation Has Respond- operative one for the simple reason.

You must remember that The PAGE 7.—International S. S. Lesson. Catizen family is nearly double in - Temperance Noles. - Story: muniper of a year ago. The commun A Night in the Metropolis. - saying among our subscribers is Corn Will Win Democracy's that they get all the necessary and clean news from our columns. This PAGE 8.-Eastern Kentucky News is the chief reason why we grow. We are like a child in this respect-"we can't help it." Let us admon-Na netter time to subscribe for ish our correspondents to keep up The Citizen than just now. Tell your end of sending in the news. You have done nicely this week. but don't rest too long between It is hard to get away from The times as the other members of the

It developed at the meeting of SWEPIBYTORNADO Fund Company Building Association Træsday night that some hanks would probably be sued to recover SECTIONS OF NORTHWESTERN money paid Reorge L. Martin, He Missing secretary, on forged indersements.

The House of Representatives of the Kentucky General Assembly passed a measure prohibiting the leaching of the German language is the schools supported or maintained by the State. The vote was preceded by a spirited debate.

Maj. David C. Peyton, superin temient of the Indiana Reformatory at Jeffersonville, in denying rumors that Boy, Goodrich has requested his resignation, declared that he may accept a Majority in the mediral department of the army.

Investigation of a report that Ottawa. George L. Martin, absconding secretary of the German Hudding Fund City, developed that if he had been in the Indiana city, he was gone when the detectives of the association got there.

The Intelligence Staff of Camp Zachary Taylor which includes de- higher figure by the reports from huntectives from both military and civitings intends to extend its scope of work to every minor detail at the cantonment. This branch of the service has wide authority under which it conducts its investigations

At a "welcome home" huncheon tendered to Gen. Hale by the Louisville Board of Trade, Gen. Hale told if some of his experiences abroad. While praising the Allied troops, 1♠ declared the boys at Camp Zachary Taylor are rapidly getting in

In the trial by court-martial at penditure in Europe and other for- the channels of commerce in an un- Camp Zarhary Taylor of Maj. Milinterrupted stream. What the Ale lon Board, the Government rested lies are not spending is being seat- its rase Tuesday and Maj. Doard inlies northeast of Miller City, five Virtually all of it is expended tered by t'ucle Sain, who is con- will probably take the stand later right here at home for American fronted with the task of supplying in his own defense as the result of Private Otha Murray.

> Lieut, Col. John H. Allen, Camp shouldered all responsibility for

All books dealing with the manu-Besides making more and more Sam at the rate of approximately certain the defeat of the Kaiser's sholf and reference rooms of the ambition to rule the world with his Louisville Free Public Library. This tion or on the health of workers. The pointed out that such books might that, with very few exceptions, redueprove a menace in the hands of enemy aliens.

A representative of the Stale five marshal's department was in Wina brick wall, crashing into a theater and killing eleven persons and talned. you see a friendly "hand shake" up injuring many others. At a mass in the left hand corner of this page meeting held Sunday \$3,500 was PAGE 1.—Editorials: The Farm La- you will know that your subscribed to defray burial expen-

> The climax in the light for the location of a reorganized State Doard of their respective cities. The com-

THE THIRD LIBERTY LOAN

The campaign for the Third Liberty Loan will be opened on the 6th of April, the amiversary of the declaration of a state of war hetween the United States and tler-

The amount, terms, and condltions of the loan are dependent upon further legislation and will be announced as soon as Congress has granted the necessary powers.

Secretary McAdou chose the 6th of April as the day to open the campaign as the most fitting date to call for a patriotic response to the summons to duty to every Ameribattlellelds of France and on the Islands from two German hattle shtps. waters of the Atlantic.

IN OUR OWN STATE PORTION OF STATE

OHIO VISITED, DOING UNTOLD DAMAGE TO FARMERS.

The Storm Apparently Started Over Middlepoint, Near Van Wert Ohio, and Swung Around to the North-east, Striking Many Towns.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Lima, O .- When daybreak came it fell across a mass of wreckage that stretched across the greater part of Northwestern Ohlo, caused by the tornado. As near as could be estimated, more than six lives have been lost in the storm, which started apparently over Middlepoint, near Van Wert, Ohio, and swing around to the northeast, striking Continental, Findlay and swinging back through Leipsie and

Most of the injured in Van Wert county were taken to the Van Wert Company Association, was in Tell county hospital, where several operations were performed by the light of small electric pocket lights, the city light plant having been put out of commission

> The damage can be estimated only vaguely, but it is believed to he close to \$1,500,000. This was brought to a dreds of farmers who had live stock killed and crops ruined. Elegant farm homes fell in the path of the storm, sharing the same fate as barns and corn eribs. The velocity of the wind was so great that it carried the wreckage of miles. More than 150 families In Van Wert county were made homeless, and sought refuge at some other farm home, where the end of the storm funnel did not strike. Not until morning, when a few straggling wires were restored, did the news of the extent of the storm begin to pour into Lima.

> Lima, fortunately, escaped with only the slightest end of the tornado, although the wind blew down several high stacks and chimneys, erashed in windows and unroofed several buildings. On the Joe Glass farm, two members of the family were eating supper. Glass, his wife, his sons, Oliver, 22; Albert, 19, and a daughter, Florence, 13, were somersaulted and hurled 200 feet through an orchard. The house was destroyed by fire.

Reduced Production in Cotton Mills.

trial Conference Board issues the first ladsheviki news agency. of a series of reports ou an investigation of the experience of manufactures in several major industries with facture of use of high explosives different hours of work. The purpose of this investigation was to determine have been removed from the open what effect, if any, changes in weekly hours of work had exerted on producaction was taken following an order present report, which deals with the from the War Department. It is cotton manufacturing industry, shows tions in hours of work in Northern cotton mills from 58 to 56 per week to 55 or 54 have been accompanied by reduction in output, usually about proportional to the shortening of hours. Of 70 Northern companies reporting the results of reduction in hours (usually from 56 to 54) only six stated the production was main-

> Wall Crushes Two and injures Five. Philadelphia.-Two boys were killed and five others injured, two probably fataily, when they were caught under a falling wall as fire swept a ware tance from the fire. The one wall of after the main structure was destroy ed, was blown over by the 50-mile gaie goes, met Tust you seement. and crashed down on the boys.

Red Cross Drive Postponed Until May. Washington.-In announcing form ally the postponement until the week

of May 20 of its campaigu for a second \$100,000,000 war relief fund, the Amer ican Red Cross War Council explained that the purpose was to avoid the pos sibility of interfering with the third liberty loan. Originally it had been intended to start the campaign May 6.

Germany Lands Troops in Finland. Stockholm.-The expected landing of German troops in Finland is reported to have been effected in the neighborhood of Abo, a Finnish port opposite the Aland Islanda, and 100 miles west of liolsingfore. The invading detachment is said to be composed of 2,000 infantry and a force of artiflery. No official confirmation of the report has been received. A dispatch from can, to ask from the people at home Stockholm dated March 8, said that the same fervent patriotism that about 2,000 German troops and 300 netuales our gallant sons on the horses had been landed on the Aland

BERNARD N. BARUCH



Characteristic portrait of Bernard N. Duruch, who has been appointed chairman of the war industries board to succeed Paniel Willard, resigned. As described by the president, Mr. Barnch will act "as the general eye of all supply departments in the field of

RISE AGAINST "REDS"

Russ Social Revolutionists Form a National Guard.

Great Army of Cossacks Being Organized in Don Districts, Says Moscow Professor.

London, Marh 11.-The social revoinflorists have decided to organize a National Guard to overthrow the bolsheviki regime in itussia, according to Doctor Eleff of Moscow university, who is quoted in a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company as saying that the decision was reached at a recent conference in Mos-

A great army is now being organlzed in the Don district supported by Cossacks, the disputch adds, and it is RESULT OF SHORTENED HOURS alsea planned to introduce a republic in Russia with a confitton government, which would not accept the German bolseviki pence, i'rofessor Eleff asserted that the news of the new movement Boston, Mass.—The National Indus-

the Russian inquiry as to the reason [which is favorable to the Allies. Germans after the conclusion of peace, war and his appointment is regardunnder, in a telegram to Ensign Krythat such military operations as have taken place since the armistice was declared have been due to sporadle movements of disorganized itassian detachments. The general deciares that all regions occupied since the conchiston of peace will be evacuated inmediately.

London, March 11.-Two Russian transports were attacked and sunk by Berman destroyers after a fight sonth of the Aland Islands Thursday. according to a Poperdagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company.

Tokyo, March 11.-Japanese merchants are asking for the protection of cargoes at Viadivostok and other Silerian cities, where the controlling hal. hands. This property consists of sheviki indulge in looting the bonded docks of steamship companies and warehouses. The fact that the boishehouse in Market street here. The boys viki have cuptured the banks of Sibewere playing in the rains of an old rin is affecting seriously Japanese building in Ludiow street some dis merchants having large accounts in them. The merchants, therefore, are the giguntic building which stood long asking the government either to disputch marines or bring back the car-

TO SEIZE BRITISH DESERTERS United States and English Agente Reach an Agreement on

"Undesirables."

New York, March 11.-An agreement between British and Canadian agents and the federal authorities to apprehend deserters from the British and Canadian military forces and to punish "undestrables" who impose on American hospitality, was announced here.

U. S. FLYER FALLS TO DEATH

Lieut. Leslie G. Chandler Meets Fatal Airplane Accident at San Antenio.

San Antonio, Tex., Murch 11.-Lieut. Leslie G. Chandler of Hinsdale, Di., a suburb of Chicago, was killed in an airplane accident at Kelly field at six o'clock in the evening. Cadet Henry K. liuber, in the place with him, ... caped with only slight injuries.

WORLD NEWS

President Wilson has sent a message of sympathy and confidence to the Congress of Hussians that is heghining its meetings at Moscow to decide on its attitude toward the treaty with Germany signed at Brest-Litovsk, This group of linssinns is not the same as the Boishe. viki and there is some hope that the basis for a stronger national party may be found.

The United Stales has not given assent as yet to the Japanese plan for the invasion of Siberia and it is believed that a strong effort is heing made to bring from Japan a pledge that she will withdraw from Siberia after the war is over. Pulilic equinion in England is not all favorable to the Japanese move aithough the government is inclined that way,

Secretary Baker of the War Department has arrived safely in France and has established relations with the army officers there. Itis visit is said to be entirely miltary in purpose and not diplomatic. He will be able to gain a better idea of the needs from a closer range. It is now known that American troops man eight miles of trenches in one sector and there are still two other places on the line where they are stationed.

Hermany has made a daving move y taking possession of the Aland Islands, which are largely inhahited by the Swedes and which they have been trying to take over from Illussia. This is clearly a move to secure control of the Baitie Sea, and perhaps to make of this position another Helgoland. Germany charges the Scandanavian countries with leaning too far toward the Allies and thus says she is not under obligation to consider their interests.

The death of John Beilmond, the representative of freland in the English Parliament, removes a man of much influence and experience at a line when his services are imich needed. He has been a defender of the union of Ireland with England and has worked hard to secure in Parliament many of the reforms which his country has reecived from time to time. He was buried at Wexford in Ireland and itis funeral was a large one attended by distinguished men.

There has been a change in the Petrograd, March 11.-Replying to cabinet of Spain, during the week, for continuance of hostilities by the Juan de ta Lierva is minister of General floffmann, the German com- ed as protest against the recent violations of Spanish neutrality on lenko, the Russlan commander, says the part of Germany in sinking several Spanish ships. The United States is steadily winning greater favor among the neutrals and it begins to appear that neutral states must take sides soon.

> The Senate of the United States has just passed a bill making it possible to sell such property of Germans and Austrians as is located in this country. This does not affect the holdings of our enemy wint are residing in this country, but only those across the water. Many millions in value will thus change other things of that kind. It is a blow leveled at the business classes of Germany.

Americans are already heginning the restoration of the French orchards in northern France. California is to furnish a large minher of prime trees for this purpose. It is litting that this should be done since France first supplied our own country with this variety of fruit. A great many foresters have been called for, likewise, to restore the forests, which have been largely used up in the war which has required large amounts of wood of all kinds for construction,

Italy Honors Americans.

Rome.—The Italian medal for valor has been awarded to Major Guy Lowell, of New York; Captain Henry Blakiston Wilkins, of Baltimore, and Captain Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, Md. All the recipients are members of the American Red Cross, and were awarded the medals for distinguished work on the Italian front.

The War Department Commission on Training Camp Activities now has 55 women dupty sheriffs working in vicinities of camps in all parts of the country.

University Column

HORACE CALDWELL WRITES FROM TAYLOR SPRINGS. NEW MEXICO

I will try and tell you something of the schools. The school hands, given by the Government, furnish a Dear Friends of Bereatfunal work.

tions. Annual them are three nor- the \$50,000,000.

date as science and money can make Association.

some may think on account of the Sevier," deal of trouble, except in getting ten hours. him to learn English. But a great

you do in Kentucky.

a program for Washington's birth- have seen the changes. day but we found that we did not who read The Citizen may read it and maybe they will enjoy it as much as my little fotks did.

I rannol go to France, I cannot carry a gun; flut just give me a chance And I'll tell you of Washington.

Once he was small as 1, But when a man he grew up He made the English Ily Just like we'll do the sanerkrant.

King George tried to catch him. Washington was the wiser. He put George up a limb dust like we will do the Kaiser.

Voice of Envy.

"Did I understand you to say that he knows what to do with?" "No. by some of Mr. Grubcoln's neighbors and by local talent in city and who think they could enjoy life a great deal more than he does if they only tand hits money,"-New Haven Journal.

Minister a Linguist.

Four languages were used fast year in the preaching of Rev. Paul Burgess, Presbyterian aufsstonory in the Quesaltenango field of Gnatemata, according to the Guatemain News. He spoke in Spanish, English, German and Cakchiquei.

PRESTON GIBSON



Preston Gibson, prominent American author and society man, who has been serving with the Norton-Harjes unit since the early days of the war, has been decorated by the French govern-

College Column

"Y" WORK

Army V. M. C. V., Camp. March 1, 1918.

The Westerner as a booster has no of the Army V. M. C. A. in Campe more exciting it destroyed the clean who won the delate with the Acad- wagon ride as much as if it had gone in this worship of the ided of equal. No matter what he is en- Sevier, among the North Carolina, sportsmanship of the game. It was emy society. It was conclusive been some fouring trip gaged in, it is the most important South Carolina, and Tennessee boys fully the minutes after the first (proof not only of their proficiency). When we got to the orchard thing in the world. So the leaders -this I fell would give you a little whistle before a goal was shot, but jut the culmary art, but of their Denn Clark divided us into groups, labor, whether in times of war or of education here are not dead ones more of an idea of the good which after that they came fast. At the goodness of heart and their loyalty some primed grapevines, some tied peace, it ought, however, to lessen We have several State Institu- Berea people did in helping raise thirteen to mae in Academy's fa-

mals, a university, and an agricul- Seven months ago when Camp of the iday was near the Academy

The State furnishes most of the waste the forest and changing acoufunds to buy these things and the ple of old cotton fields into a drift State officials are unxious to have ground. The common saying of the hour was, "It lakes a man with a We have the Mexicaa problem to strong back and a weak mind He does not give the teacher a great after they had grubbed stumps for

many of them are and shown that for the common and shown that the common and th are anxious for an education in a suitable location for the "V tents." a prisoner for the crime of htas- to put any man to death." Hy the must serve not only the exceptional We celebrate Washington's and here with three other men, one not sentence to death. Pilate in Jesus was not legally convicted, per cent of common men us well. Lincoln's birthdays and sing "My from Georgia, one from Alabama, Jerusalem had the supreme author- When Pilate said to the dews, "I it must not only fit for the se-called Old Kentucky Home" very much as and one from Texas. I also went ity to condemn to death, and the find no fault in Him at all," this was learned professions but it must The other day we were preparing have been here ever since-so I

have material enough and did not changes that have been wrought are deliver Christ for trial. have time to order any, so I tried almost beyond belief. There are no my hand on writing jingles for a forests today and no "V" tents, But law, one guilty of blasphency was sentenced to death willion a con- the methods of instruction. number of my little folks who en- where the forest stood with the liable to the sentence of death, but viction-entirely contrary to the joyed them so much that I am send- 3,000 troops camped around the under the Itoman law it was strictly Itoman laws. ing a sample that the little folks edges, there is today a hustling forbidden to the lewish authorities, city of more than 30,000 soldiers and reserved by the Itoman power. there are now large, ventilated, clear that the Sanhedrin was usurpwell furnished buildings, eight by ing the powers of the Roman govall, besides headquarters. From the ermnent. We find that Jesus was dozen secretaries then, now there arrested in the night and before the leading denominations, who are plus also tried to convict Jesus on working shoulder to shoulder wifa his own confession, and not by wit-Mr. E. D. Langley, our Camp-Gen- ness, and without the evidence reeral Secretary, to bring these men quired by law, gave a judgment. to the idea of the triangle life-spirit, This within itself was entirely conmind and body.

present.

Monday night - an educational by self-confession. lecture is given on history, clean According to the Gospel of Sainl Mr. Grabcoin has more money than living, sexology, war knowledge, etc. John, the eighbeanth and nineteenth Tuesday night - Entertainments chapters, Pilate said, "Take ye flim That is merely the point of view held given by best talent we can secure and crucify Him, for I tind no fault

siddiers. tures or storeopticon lectures.

Thursday night - Mid-week religious services and Company Bible vigorously by all the secretaries and ीप्रचन्त्र.

physical director - boxing, wrest- ing these boys to "go over" at an ling, comic acts and singing, etc. early date (in fact 1,200 men leave Saturday night-Moving pictures tomorrow) and we want them to be,

Sunday at 10:00, and the regular preaching lu one day I have sold \$500 worth but is tilled to its capacity and wered 1,00t questions. Hesides this offen over crowded. The physical I have talked to 13 men about the and educational work is carried on Christian life and clean living and during the day on a large scale--, succeeded in having 11 of these three hundred men are in the build- sign the Testament Lengue. uthletics. Games of all kinds and 2:15 that I took on the Christian

National Guard Camps in the num-greater results than this. ber of Bible classes. The amount of We are tooking forward to the money orders sent was \$17,213, month of March with eagerness-Over 1,800 copies of Scripture have our program is an excellent one and been given away. During this period we are expecting great results, 518 have signed the "War Itoll" I was sorry but indeed glad to see cards, and of this number 327 were in The Citizen that Mr. Taylor was decisions to accept Jesus Christ as going to France to do Y. M. C. A. Savior and begin the Christian life, work. I hope to meet him there this The remaining 221 were cases of summer. star citations for gallant conduct on re-dedications of the life on the So in closing I will say, "Come on the field. Gibson is now chief of a part of those who were already in hoys, the water is fine." setion of the United States army am- members of the church. The work along this line is being pushed very

Academy Column

J. HARL TATE GIVES ACCOUNT OF BASKET BALL SEASON CLOSES WITH THE ACADEMY WINNER

Sevier, Decenville, S. C., Chanquouship series was played restored at Berea most wonderfully, orchard last Monday, March 11, to quires that he be educated, We Mouday afternoon with the Academy victorious, as usual. This game was results from the splendid work the end of the first half the score shood to our defenders, yor. During the second half most

THE LEGALITY OF CHRIST'S

have the right to inflict the death For the first few weeks we had to penalty in any case, so we find that cording to your law." The Jews people for all sorls of purposes, won a place as a dignithed calling I was placed in the first tent crected phemy against God, but he could confessions of the Jews themselves, five per cent, but the ninety-five into the first building erected and dewish authorities, as to the offense a final judgment of a from judge, also train for common things, etco turnly is afforded, and we will agree Seven months have passed, and the lion before the governor and then he reversed. Thus in the trial he- vision of our philosophy of educa-

(mind you, not stump grubbers). The Jewish authorities declared Where the "V" tents were located besus "guilty of death," but it is are more than lifty representing all the Feast of the Passover. Caiatrary to the Jewish laws, as it was Now a typical week's program forbidden in the Sanhedrin to try a and some statistics will give a criminal in the night, to try crimipretty good idea of the work at pal cases on the day before the Salthath or a feast, or be convict

in Him." The Jews answered him. "We have a law, and by our law Wednesday night - Moving pic- He ought to die." Then Pilate said, "Take ye Him and judge Him ac-

the army Chaplains of the various Friday nglit - Stunt night by the regiments, because we are expectd a high type and of an educational prepared to meet God as well us the Germans.

- regular regimental My position here is termed the services at 9 a.m. Sunday school lorsiness secretary or the office man. services at 7:30 p.m. All these of slamps, \$1,000 in money orders, meetings are well attended, and the and unailed 4,300 letters, and ans-

ing at once, learning to read and It was the surprise of my life write. English, French, and other last week to have Dr. Milford II. classes are going on all the time Lyon walk into our "V." You will during the day and night. Five- remember him as our evangelist at hundred men are handled at once Heren in 1908 and 1910. It was the by the physical director mass right he preached on 2 Timuthy ull kinds of calisthenics are given armor. Hoctor Lyon has just returned from a six weeks' evangeli-Here are some items of interest cal campaign among the American for the month of January, 1918, soldiers in France. He has spoken which is a fair month's work for in all eight of our buildings this the entire camp. Estimated attend week. His description of his trip ame in the buildings, 120,848. There to France is farinating and his preswere 105 religious meetings held entation of the Gospel message 27,114 men in altendance. There grips the mind and persuades the have been 144 title classes organ- heart. The one night he spoke in ized with 2,154 men enrolled, and our but 18 men were converted and we are proud of the fact that Camp 21 others signed the "War Ituli." Sevier leads all the other eight Other of the huildings had even

With best wishes,

J. Hari Tate.

Normal Column

"Watch as well as sprny," is still the sidean of perfect safely, at-The second and thui game of the though health conditions seem to be fruit culture students out to his

Miss Jessie Moore and her home large fund that helps along educa. I have often thought of writing a much rougher than the one preced- economics class gave a most delight- lacakfast. Everybody was merry, to keep them in school as long as letter and felting you of the work tog it and altho that made it much ful banquel in honor of the boys and seemed to enjoy this five mile we can in Berea we have already

Off. HOOVER! fural coffege. Our standards are of Sevier was nothing more than a basket, but that did not prevent the much. We learn much. The wife Dean Glark sent the girls to the tion will never fully adjust itself the highest. The lirst grade cer- publiess forest, with less than 3,000 College from twice tying score. New of one of our prominent faculty spring to spread our dinner. Every- until this shall have been accomtitleate from this State is recognized, soldiers camping around the edge, men were put in by both sides dur- members in her loyally to the doc- think was already cooked except plisher, and the human machine be in nearly atl States of the Union. not even a permanent building, but ing this half for the rough playing trine of contervation acted upon some eggs which the girls boiled. Internated from the last form of The rural teacher's salary ranges little lumber piles scattered here soon lold on the players. Towards the information she received that They showed the boys that they slavery—the drudgery that is born from \$60 to \$90 per moulh. Nearly and there, I arrived to help in the the end of the game, Academy sud-garbage should be used for fertili- could beil eggs. all rural school houses are as up-to- work of the Young Men's Christian denly jumped into the lead and zer in the garden, and not, throw a We had a good dinner. We maintained it throughout the bal- away or destroyed. Looks reason- printed full three-thirty in the high schools are already putting them. The seats and desk's, teach- The soldiers who were here were ance of the time. The third score able, doesn't it? Bones, especially, afternoon. We had pruned both of in Vocational Courses. I hope their er's desk and chair, and apparatus not doing any drill work, but they was twenty-one to lifteen. Hayes contain lots of fertilizing material. Dean Clark's vineyards, and I think number may ever increase. It is are very much like that which is and more than 1,000 laborers were and Scott starred for College and Everybody knows that. This prom- we did some good work as amalents. far better to hold this girl in high found in the rooms at Berea College, spending much energy in laying Kennedy and Lewis for the Acad-ment faculty member's wife made a We got back to Berea about five school and teach her also the things beautiful little hed and plauted it o'clock. We were all tired, but she will some day need much more in betture and radishes and onions, we think every one enjoyed the than stenography and typewriting. And underneath it all was a nice trip and work as much as if it had yes, it is better to take stenography, layer of garbage with bones-space been a picnic without may work, typewriting, telegraphy, etc., into At the time of Christ's death, the ribs. T-hones -really juicy still, deat with. But it is not so had as to he a good soldier in Camp lews were under the supervision and full of food numberial that would THE DEMAND FOR INDUSTRIAL them out of them into night schools. and many of them of the Roman law, and although surely make a garden grow. That nature of the Mexican. Usually he told me there was more truth in they had a law of their own, it might (it was just last week' a dog. is a lazy, quiet, docide sort of fellow, that saying than poetry-especially could not conflict with the Roman a hound, a cur, some brute, smelled law in any way. The tews did not those jurcy hours, . . . Oh, yes, universal education, which means

for which tesus was sentenced, had and being an acquittal, could it is not universal-a new fact that the power only to make an accusa- not according to the Itoman law, involves, I amagine, a radical refore Priate Jesus was acquitted, tion, with broadening of ideals as Now we see that under the Jewish Then after such an acquittal, He was to the jumposes, the materials, and

MRS. E. T. STOTESBURY



Mrs. E. T. Stotesbury heads the new Red Cross war council committee which has been organized to collect and forward sweaters, socks and othtee has the indorsement of Secretary of the Navy Daniels.

Vocational Column

A PRUNING PICNIC

do some printing.

Trees.

We believe much. We attempt loys tie up vines, Just before mon, direction of human effort. Educa-

EDUCATION TODAY Edward Bailey

We have entered upon an eru of the education of all sorts of that agriculture has fought for and

With the rise of industrial eduration new meaning has been given to industry and new dignity to that kind of labor which is a necessary part of a logical plan, looking to the accomplishments of definite ends, all of which adds to the importance of this form of education and still further enlarges the demand, until our whole scheme of calication is on the point of revision.

The most important fact today is that men of all classes have come be look upon education as a thing; that will better their condition; and they mean by that, first of ail. later more profitable and more of- ers decided that one must end his something that will make their fective; and second, they mean Axel suggested "head or talts" no something that will enable them to live fuller lives. They have no use of Saudy's pocket knife, but was very clear idea of the methods of ill prepared for his friend'a words as bringing this all about, nor have, the kuffe shot upward; "If the knife they any means of impressing their stays up you wiat" views upon us at educational conventions; but to better their conlition through education is the abiding faith and purpose of all men as big as an ex and often weighs more everywhere, and they will persist than a ton. A wnirns was kittled by unlik it is realized.

dulies of life is no longer left to the skin, including fliquers, 500 pounds. charity of the church, nor to private skin was from buff on inch to three endowments, as in the case of Beren Inches in thickness, and the binbler and other justibitious depending weighed 500 younds. upon public benevidence. We do not ask a man to pay the expense

the prominent faculty member and er knit wear to sailors. The commit- his wife will have lettice some if right i will do it; if wrong I will time for she is going to make an- not. But never let me hear the word other hed.

of his own education; and we no tonger require the parent to pay for his child's schooling. We have come to recognize that in the last Dean tlark look fourteen of his analysis the child belongs to the community, and public welfare repropose to maintain all sorts of ed-We started immediately after ucation for all sorts of people and our day and time.

White education is no relief from vines, and others pruned apple the totality of drudgery by the further use of mechanical energy and The girls worked bard bettong us the more economic and intelligent of ignorance.

I am thankful that many of our the high schools than it is to drive It is dangerous to attempt to educate a live boy or girl with no reference to the vocational.

It is not within my own lifetime good the lands ought to be in the hands of culrishtened people. in the same way many other callings will he elevated by the advantages of education, if only favorable opporthat in the gauge of our civilizafrom with, in the end, he fixed by the status arguired by our leading neressery occupations. So I lay down the proposition that whether the education be industrial or otherwise vocational, it is but a part, though an essential part of the education of a man.

In abdishing himun slavery America only followed the last in train of all civilized nations. But in taitling ugainst the greatest drawbacks to the rise of industrial education, acquaintance, friendship and peace, we are doing a service to the cause of universal progress-the worth of which the passage of time may never dim.

Betag firm friends, Marie's two lovcoin was at hand. He agreed to the

One-Ton Walrus.

The average-stred Alaska watrus is some winders near Point Barrow The fraining of the young for the whose hend weighed 80 pounds and

Wisdom of Our Ancestors.

Tell me whether it is right or wrong; expeatient .- Queen Victoria.

RAID ON CAR OF COAL MADE BY HUNDREDS DRIVEN TO DESPERATION



The seriousness of the coal shortage which brought about Doctor Gurfield's drastic order is titustrated by this photograph. Hundreds are shown raiding a coat car in a yard at Philadelphia. They came with all sorts of wagons, carts, bags, perambulators, and anything and everything that could be used to carry the precious coat and loaded them up with a supply of the sorely needed fuel. No guard could have stopped the rush of people, who knew that they must get coal or freeze

"HUNS" IMPOSED ABSURD FINES

State Department Archives at Washington Record the Story of Sissonne.

COMMUNE UNABLE TO PAY

Von Buelow, on That Account, Threataned to Destroy Home of Prince of Monaco, Who Appealed to President Wilson.

The universally condemned German system of extorting money from captured communities is shown by the following documents published able action has been committed there by the committee on public information:

A striking illustration of the fierce bruinilly of German methods is contained in the archives of the state department, because the prince of Monaco speealed to President Wilson against the injustice of a fine imposed upon a smull and impoverished village. The fellowlog documents from the state department archives tell the story. They need no comments.

"l'aria, Oct. 27, 1914. "Secretary of State, Washington. "I'rince of Monaco called this morning and asked that the following case be submitted to the president:

"I'rince states that General von Buctow for weeks has been inhabiting a prince's aucestral chateau near Relins, historical monument, containing works of art and family helrtooms; that Von Buelow has imposed fine of 500,000 francs on village of Sissonne some miles distant from chutepu, because of broken glass found on road near village. Sissonne being unable alone to pay ims raised with a number of other neighboring villages 125,000 francs, but Von Ituelow bus sent two messengers from Sissonne to prince that unless latter pays fine for Sissonne the chateau and adjoining vilinge, as well as Sissonne, will be destrayed on Navember 1st. Prince has answered refusing to pay sum now but willing to give his word to German emperor that amount would be paid after removal of danger of fresh war incidents. Prince now fearful lest returning messengers, as well as male employees on his estate, be shot because of refusal to pay.

"I have arranged meeting this afternoon between Spanish ambassador and prince, to whom I have suggested that matter be presented to German government through Spanish ambassador at Berlin luasmuch as prince's threatened property is in France.

"HEBRICK." Von Buelow's Threat.

"To the Mayor of the Commune of Sissing.

"It has been conclusively proven that the road between Sissonne and the rallway station of Montaigu was, on no doubt, of impeding automobile traffle.

"I hold the commune of Sissonne responsible for this act of hostility on the part of its inhabitants, and I punish the said community by levying upon it a contribution of 500,000 hundred thousand francs (five

"This sum must be entirely paid into the trensury of the Etape by October 15th.

"The inspection of the Etape now at Montcornet has been directed to enforce execution of this order. The General Commander in Chief of

the Army. "VON HUELOW." Protest of Prince of Monaco. Monsco, Oet, 22nd, 1914.

"Sire:

"I forward to your majesty several documents relating to a very grave and urgent matter.

"The General von Buelow has caused he occupied since one month and half my residence of Marchain, situated at five kilometers from the village of Sissonne. The general has levled upon the 1,500 inhabitants of this poor rulned village a war contribution of 500,000 francs, of which they are unable to pay more than one-quarter. Moreover, he has sent to me two emissaries bearing a document lu which he threatens to destroy my property and the vilinge of Marchais, over and above that of Sissonne, in the event of my not dishursing myself the sum in question before the end of the month of October.

"That is how a l'russinn general trents a reigning prince who for 45 years has been a friend to Germany. and who in all the countries of the world is nurrounded with respect and gratitude for his work.

In reply to the summons of the General von Ituelow I have given my word of honor to complete the above contribution in order to avert a harrible action accomplished in cold blood, but adding that as a sovereign prince I submit this matter to the judgment of the emperor by declaring that the said sum shall be paid when the Chateau de Marchain will be free from the danger of intentional destruction.

"I am, with great respect, your majesty's devoted servant and consin, "ALBERT, Prince of Monaco." Letter Addresed to Von Buslow. Monaco, Oct. 22, 1914

To avert from the commune of

Sissonne and that of Marchias the rigorous treatment with which you have threatened them, I give my word of hooor to remit to his majesty the Emperor Willism, should the war come to an end without intentional damage being caused to my residence or to these two communes, the necesrary sum to complete the smount of 500,000 francs imposed by you upon

"As a sovereign prince, I wish to deal in this matter with the sovereign who, during 15 years, called me his friend and has decorated me with the Order of the Knight of the Hinck Engle.

"My conscience and my dignity place me shove fear, as sho my personsi will shall clevate me shove regret; but should you destroy the Chatenu de Marchais, which is one of the centers of universal science and charity, should you reserve to this archaeological and historical gem the treatment you have given to the Cathedral of Reima-when no reprehen--the whole world will judge hetween you and myself.

"I tender to your excellency the expression of my high regard.

"ALBERT, Sovereign Prince of Mon-

Deportations and Forced Labor. Until the present war the whole etvliized world has boasted of its advance | Cross within our own borders. in humanity. This advance has been marked in many tields, and in none had greater progress been made than in the protection to be given to the private citizen in an invaded country. As for back as 1863, in the "Instructions for the Government of Armies of the United States in the Field," the United States declared:

"23. Private citizens are no longer murdered, enslaved, or carried off to distant parts, and the Inoffensive individual is as little disturbed in bis private relations as the communder of the hostile troops can afford to grant in the overriling demands of a vigorous war.

"21. The nimost universal rule in remote times was, and continues to be with barbarous armies, that the privote individual of the hostile country is destined to suffer every privation of liberty and protection, and every disruption of family ties. Protection was, and still is with uncivilized people, the exception."

Reversion to Barbarism.

These declarations were made in the midst of our Civil war-one of the world's flercest conflicts. A bulf-century later, after more than 50 years of progress, the German government has gone back to the methods used by "barbarous armics" and "unclv-llized people." It has deliberately adopted the polley of deporting men and women, boys and girls, and of forcing them to work for their eaptors; it has even compelled them to make arms and munitions for use against their allies and their own flesh and blood.

No other nct of the German government has aroused auch horror and detestation throughout the civilined world. Thousands of helpless men and women, boys and girls, have been ensiaved. Families have been broken September 18th, strewn with broken up. Girls have been carried off to glass along a distance of one kilome- work-or worse-in a strange land, ter and at intervals of 50 meters, for and their relatives have not known of possibilities" for this service, the their fate has been.

This system of forced labor and deportation embraced the whole of ftelglum, Poland and the occupied lands of France.

Whitlock's Story of Horrors.

in less moving phrases, but in deadly corroboration, the continuation of the report of Minister Whitlock says;

excited by this measure all over Itelglum were beyond nuything we had witnessed since the day the Germans poured into Brussels. The delegates of the commission for relief in Itelglum, returning to lirussels, told the most distressing stories of the scenes of cruelty and sorrow attending the seizures. And dully, hourly nimont, since that time appalling stories have been related by Helgluns coming to the legation. It is impossible for us to verify them, first because it is necessary for ns to exercise all possible tact in dealing with the subject at all, and secondly because there is no means of communication between the Occupations-Gebiet and the Emppea-Gebiet. Transportution everywhere in Helglum is difficult, the vietnal rnilways seurcely operating any more because of the lack of oil, while all the horses have been tuken. The people who are forced to go from one village to another must do so on foot or in vaus drawn by the few miserable horses that are left. The wagons of the brewerles, the oue institution that the Germana have serupulously respected, are hauled by oxen.

One of Foulest Deeds in History. The well-known tendency of sensational reports to exaggerate themselves, especially in time of war, and in a situation like that existing here. with no newspapers to serve as a daily clearing house for all the rumors that are as avidly believed as they are eagerly repeuted, should of course be considered; but even if a modicum of all that is told is true there still remains enough to stamp his deeds as oue of the foulest that history records.

"I am constantly in receipt of reports from all over Reigium that tend to bear out the stories one constantly hears of brutality and cruelty. A number of men seut back to Mons are said to be in a dying condition, many of them tubercular. At Malines and at Antwerp returned men have died. their friends asserting that they have been victims of neglect and crueity, in action. of cold, of exposure, of hunger."

TRAINS 30,000 **HOME SERVICE** COMMITTEEMEN

DIDECTIONT'S MEETIC

Red Cross With Institutes, Handbook and Bulletins, Teaches Civilian Relief Forces How to Aid Folks "Back Home."

IEDITOR'S NOTE -This is the fifth and last of a series of five articles written by Mr. Fleger on American Red Cross Home Service work in Ohio, indiana and Kentucky.]

By James L. Fleser, Director, Civilian liellef, Lake Division, American Red Cross.

Organizing and training 30,000 Home Service committeemen to aid families of enlisted men is the most stupendous and pretentious task being undertaken by the American Red

This statement is made without fedr of contradiction.

Even were there established social agencies in every community from which men have been drawn for active service, this fied Cross duty would be kardly less difficult, because with the war have come new problems which must be solved, and efficiently too, if the good name of the Red Cross is to be held sloft and the minds of our fighting folk set at ease about the welfare of their loved ones "back home."

To school willing Home Service workers with no previous social training as well as keep professional community workers ahreast with new developments, the Ited Cross war council established in the Lake division Home Service institutes at Indianapotis, Cincinnsti, Columbus and Cleveland, each identified with a strong university and each affiliated with healthy social ngencles.

Thirty five counties were represented by fifty-six students at the first series of institutes, each institute lasting six weeks. A second series has just opened. in addition, chapter courses of information are to be established in cities of 25,000 population and over.

There is no guess work about fled Cross Itome Service.

Workers are being trained to help elttzens gain all sorts of information. If a family has not heard from a son in the service, if the allotment and allowance check is delayed or wrong in amount, if a boy is reported missing, if any one of hundreds of possibilities oceur, the Home Service worker must be alert to his or her responsibilities.

To show that there are "hundreds where they have been taken, or what American Red Cross has prepared for its committeemen a handbook containing correct answers to 260 questions which these committeemen have already been asked.

Forty-nine answers to questions on army and navy service, running from the composition of the fighting forces to explaining what must be done to assist the family of a man who has entered the service under an assumed "The rage, the terror, and despair uame, are given in this handbook.

Eighty-six points on the soldier's and sailor's allowance compensation and war risk insurance are explained. The latter in itself is so large a' task that a Home Service worker, anticipating a "soft anap" might be driven to cover if there were no handbook or institute course to lessen his perplexi-It is down in black and white how the insurance is written and for whom, how premiums are paid and by whom. Six points of information are provided to eover insurance for crews of merchant veesels and trans-

American Red Cross Itome Service for families of enlisted men fighting for our allies eauses twenty-nine questions to be answered in the hand-

All this is supplemented by eightynine statements giving information on the status of families of discharged men, desertera, and allen enemy famiites and explaining relationship of the Red Cross to other relief societies and the operation of the Red Cross bureaus of eamp service and eommunication.

Despite the fact that this handbook has just been issued, new and puzsiling queations are arising with such rapidity that the bureau of civilian relief of the Lake division, is planning an informational service to keep ita Home Service workers in 350 chapters in step with the fast-moving procession.

War (regardless of the Tuseania calamity and a few scattering casual ties)-wer and Red Cross Home Service are still in their infancy, but already some 3,000 families of Ohio, indiana and Kentucky enlisted and selective service men are under the care of Red Cross' llome Service workers.

Picture the immensity of the task when the "American offensive"

Red Cross Home Service will be ready. It is democracy's brotherhood

ANOTHER NAVAL SECRET.

Farmer Wurzel and his wife, Marthu, were paying a visit to their nephew, a gallant member of the navy. It wan their first visit to the great senport, where the ship of which their nephew formed one of the crew happened opportunely to lie in dack. They were both vastly impressed with the novel sights they saw round and MUCH LABOR IS NECESSARY nephew, with pardonable pride, led them round to where the great auxillary cruiser lay they gazed with awe npon the gignnite vessel.

The old man took a few steps nesrer to the quny side, and, perceiving an open porthole on a level with his eyes. peered into the interior of the hull, "Morthal Martin!" he whispered, excitedly, to the old indy, "look here, inss, what dost think? The blamed thing's holler l"

An Impression of Uselessness.

"Some duy," said the man who converses much on exploration, "we shall discover the north pole and give a new continent to the world."

"I hope not?" exclaimed Miss Cay-

"I nm a member of the Society to Prevent Useless (living."

WILLING TO OBLIGE



"George, give me that horrid cigarette at once." "I'll buy you a puckage of ladies' size if you're so crazy over them,"

Generous. The man who thinks he knows it all
Is generous, you'lt agree;
He wants mankind, both great and smalt,

To be as wise us he. Punctual Attendance. "Why don't you go to school?"

"I been to school every day this month," replied the incorrigible, Your teacher hasn't seen you."

"Well, I mostly didn't get there till recess started, and so's to avoid argument I left us soon as the bell rang for school to take in again,"

Counting Every Cent. "Now that we're murried we won't have to write any more letters," said the young man.

"Yes," replied the young woman. "Think of what n lot we saved by finishing our correspondence before a letter required a three-cent stamp."

Comforting Assurance. "Do you dislike to have a mnn go

to sleep when you are talking?" "I don't inind," replied Senntor Sor-"At least it assures me that nothing I'm saying is giving him any particular offense."

Exactly.

Learned Theorist-What do you think of this study of the language of the simians? I'lain Citizen-I thiuk it is all mor key business.

AN APT DESCRIPTION



"What did she look like?"

"Oh! I d'no-rather like a lady cut decollety, with a hobble ahirt around her propeller.V

As a Rule. "Ittle friendly advice" Is very seldom nice, It is a phrase that men employ When saying something to annoy.

Not So Bad. "John went to get a marriage license and got a dog license by mis-"Not so much of a mistake when

you come to think of a married man's

Another Burbank, Florist-This rubber plant is cheap at the price.

Lady-Why so? Florist-If your husband is smart he can grow his ewn automobile tires-Boston Trauscript.

TRAP NEST SIMPLE

They Are of Much Value in Weeding Out Poor Layers.

Particularly important in increasing Egg Yield of Flock by Facilitating Selection of Best Breeding Specimens.

(Prepared by the United States Depart ment of Agriculture.)

Although trap nests are not used extensively, because of the large amount of labor required to operate them, when their use is practicable they are of value in weeding out poor layers and increusing the average egg yield of a flock by facilitating selection and breeding.

How Trap Nests Are Used.

One nest should be provided for four to five hens kept in flocks of fifty or more, while more trap nests per hen are necessary in amailer flocks. The duction. The nests should be visited ing and the birds will suffer no had

wide. Put two screw eyes in the top of the doors and hore holes in the front of the nests two inches below the top (inside measurement), through which a 3-16-inch wire is run to support the doors

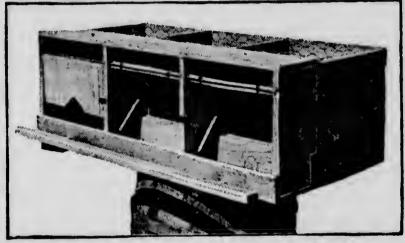
Attach a narrow strip to the front of the nesta for the heas to jump upon when entering the nests. Place a button or block of wood on the front of each partition to hold the door when the nest is closed.

If the nests are to be placed directly below the dropping hoard a wire top should be used on the nest, except for a five-inch strip of wood on the front edge of the top to stiffen the nest.

HEALTHY FOWLS ALL WINTER

Nests Should Be Cleaned and Sprayed Same as Dropping Boards-Dip Birds for Lice.

If strong, healthy hirds are placed in a clenn, sanitary house in autumn there is no reason why they should not stay healthy all winter. The nests should be eleaned up and sprayed the same as the dropping hoards. If the fowls are harhoring body lice they should be dipped before the weather gets cold. Choose a fine, sunny day hens are banded with numbered hands, for this and have the dip warm (not and a record is kept of their egg pro- hot). Do the work early in the morn-



TRAP NESTS USEFUL IN DETECTING "BOARDERS." at least three times daily, and prefer effects from their weiting. They are

ably four or five times, frequent trips being especially necessary when the hens are laying freely and during hot

The trap nest shown in figure 1 may he attached to the underside of the dropping hoard, with the front facing the pen and arranged so that it enn be easily removed, or it may be placed on the walls of the pen. If the nest is placed under the dropping board, the latter will serve as a top for the nest, and the rear of the nest may be of wire to allow good ventilation in warm weather. If the nest is placed on the wall, slats or wire should be inserted from the front of the nest to the wall at a sharp angle to prevent the heas

from roosting on the nest. When the hen enters this nest, her hack raises the door (c) (Fig. 2), which releases the entch or trigger (a) and allows the door to shut. The eatch should be set so that itn edge just holds the door, which position in regulated by the screw or nail at the lower inside edge of the eatch. A not an uncommon sight these days; washer should be placed on the screw | neither is it an uncommon sight to see (d) between the catch and the side of the same chicken repeatedly before it

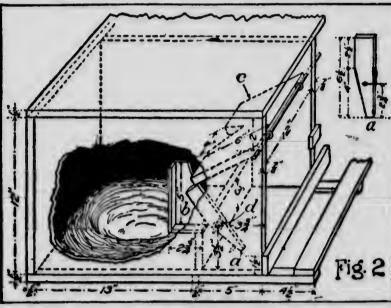
not half as apt to take cold from a dip thus applied as from running out in a cold rain on a cloudy day. If there are mites in the building they must be attended to by spraying with n good dip or a liquid whitewash. Miles do not hother much in winter, hut they should he erndicated hefore winter just to make sure that they are gone hefore spring erowding duties tempts one to neglect the work too long.

Of course the provident poultryman needs not to he told that all cracks and lenks in the henhouse must be closed before winter comes; windows must he put in shape and doors made

PREVENT SPREAD OF DISEASE

Chicken Carcasses Should Be Burned or Buried-Bad Practice to Feed to the Hoge.

A mangled chicken on the road la the nest to prevent this cutch from is finally reduced to its elements. sticking. The guard (b) uround the "What is everybody's business is no-



WORKING PLANS FOR BUILDING TRAP NEST.

from the eatch. The length of the catch which supports the door and the varied slightly for very small or very largo hens.

Directions for Constructing a Three-Compartment Trap Nest. Cut four %-inch boards for ends and

partitions, 12 inches wide by 19 inches long, enough 4-Inch boards 39% inchen long, laid lenguavise, to cover the top, back and bottom, and 1 strip 391/4 inches long and 3 inches high to insert in the nest to hold the nesting material away from the door. Nail the top, back and bottom to the ends and partitions (see Fig. 2), insert the 8-inch strips in the nests, and make the guard (b), nailing it to the left side of the nest. Hore a hole in the catch (a) large enough so that the catch will move freely when screwed into posltion on the side. Place a washer on the screw between the catch and the side of the nest. Place a screw at the iower edge of the catch to stop it when set, so that the catch will just hold the door.

Make the doors (c) of %-inch material, 12 inches by 6 inches, and cut a triangular noich in the center 4 inches pearance.

catch keeps the nesting material away | body'a business"—hence the mangled chicken, the chicken smothered in the traveling poultry huyer's crate, the triangular notch in the door may be sick chicken which died en route to market, are left lying by the roadside.

Possibly the chickens on range stroli over and pick at its bones; perhaps the family dog comes trotting home with a dismembered leg or headless trunk, and gnaws his fill on the front lawn, while the family flock await a

chance to peck at the carcass. No better plan for spreading disease can be devised, unless it might be the practice of the careless poultryman who finds a dead chicken in the poultry yard or under the roosts, and throws it out to the hogs,

DETERMINING AGE OF SHEEP

When Animal is Four Years Old Cannot Tell Age by Teeth-Be Careful in Buying.

After a sheep is four years oid, one cannot tell by the teeth about the age. However, one who is purchasing a nheep should see to it that it has not lost any teeth, or that the teeth have not become long and shoe-peggy in ap-

LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BEREA AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

Dean & Stafford **REAL ESTATE**

Bank & Trust Bldg.

Best Blacksmithing

Scientific horse shoeing, fine iron at the College Blacksmith Shop, ty, some three mouths ago. Main Street, north of The Citizen Ad-38

We SELL hats and sell them right, ing her soa who is in school, Mrs. Laura Jones.

furning to Berea Sunday.

Bert Coddington has returned from Plat, greatly recuperated in health hig display ad for particulars. and strength.

Mrs. Ed Anderson was called to to sea her son and grandson who were ill .

Wallace Buelman left last week Laswell. for a short visit at their homes before enlisting under Uncle Sam'a

Early creations in beautiful spring in Omaha, Nebraska. millinery. A look at these inviting is right around the corner. Fish's companies.

Ad-38 Justus Jackson, who is studying at Smith's Business College at Lex- Center street. ington, spent Saturday and Sunday in Berea.

of the week, on her way to Hoanoke, in France. Va., where her two sisters live.

Miss Edna Early spent Sunday with relatives in Itichmond.

mond and Mr. and Mrs. Herbert this page. family of Center street.

always find the latest and most ex- weeks. clusive ideas in fashionable millinory right here. Fish's

mother's home, Mrs. J. H. Jarkson, six. on Chestmit street.

in the Naval Aviation Department, friends.

Miss Esther Pitts left Wednesday for Hazard where she is employed. inglon were in town Monday.

William Land White

Customers

lets us make his

clothing once is

sure to come

next time he

Our long ex-

perience in cut-

needs anything

In our line.

ting and fitting enables

us to turn out every job

We know how to build

clothes on correct lines

fit and hold their shape.

patterns are now here.

Make your selection

early and get the choice

The season's latest

every detail.

of the lot.

Seale's Tailoring Shop

Short Street Phone 145; residence 41

The man who

Satisfied

sple.-Dr. S. It. Baker.

iour Mr. Wyatt.

n Hris page, Wallace Adams and family left Sunday for Oklahoma where they will make their frome,

work and repairs of all descriptions keys; probably in llockeastle coun-

D. N. Welch, Herea, Ky.

Miss Sadie Maupin spent several daughters. Esther and Bettie, of of success days in Winchester last week, re- Detroit, Mich., are here at the Tavern.

a stay of a few weeks in Orlando, date for Band Concert. See their

Mr. and Mrs. W. II. Bower spent Winchester at the first of the week Thursday and Friday in Cincinnati. Mrs. Nannie Branaman left Thursday for Brush Creek where she Messrs, Homer Biggerstaff and will visit her daughter, Mrs. Jack Service examination in typewriting, auditorium, The public is cordintly

> here on account of the death of his father, left Monday for his home authorities. The majority of the

Tom Adams left the first of the dents. and bewitching creations will act week for Hazard where he has a as a strong reminder that spring position with one of the targe coal by Mr. F. L. Earbart, Secretary of

spent Simday with her moliter on Kentucky.

Marlatt, 805 Francis St., Dellance, will qualify in their respective Miss Margaret Todd stopped off O., dated March 4th, says Mr. Mar- lines and become valuable adjuncts Plow; 4 Cultivator; 4 Laying-off in Berea for a short time the first latt is planning to enlist for service to Unde Sam's skilled army.

Miss Malel Bicknell, who has a Miss Hettie Lewis, who is an as- position in Washington, was at home sistant in one of the large banks at at the first of the week for a short flazard, was in Berea at the first of visit with her brother, Paul, bethe week for a brief visit with her fore he returned to his post at Camp sent to members of the Expedition-Ad-37 Shelley.

and see "Mother o' Mine," Wednes- duty, provided the contents are bona-Mr. and Mrs. James Cosby of Rich- day, March 20th. See our ad on tida gifts, the quantity is not feyond W. T. B. Williams & Soas, Plaintiffe

Cosby of Denver, Col., spent last Miss E. May Jones of Hazard is addressee, and the parcels are ad- Eli Baker, etc. Tuesday with Mr. J. 1. Serivner and spending some time in Berea with dressed for delivery to the regi- Under and by virtue of a judgher mother, who has been ill at the mental address of the recipient. Women of particular taste can Itohinson Hospital for several

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Ad-38 D. M. Gott will be glad to know that Little Lucille Duneau entertain- they arrived in the sunny South ed quite a number of her little safely, and are located in their friends to a hirthday party last country frome and may be ad-Saturday afternoon at her grand-dressed, Aberdeen, Miss., Route No.

A recent letter from Green Alford II. A. Biggerstaff and Wallace announces that he was on the way Buchanan went to Lexington Fri- to somewhere in France. He wishes day morning where they enlisted to be remembered to all his Beres

J. A. Carter, one of our fellow citizens, who has been a traveling Mr. and Mrs. W. D. dones of Lex- salesman for years, was called to Columbus, Ind., where he accepted Mrs. Jennie Fish and plaughter, a better position as traveling sales-Addie, left Tuesday for Cincinaath jump for H. C. Whitmer Co. of that city. His many friends congratutate him and wish him success.

FEDERAL LAND APPRAISER HERE

W. T. Hart, fand appraiser from the Federal Land Bank of Louisville, is spending several days in Berca this week appraising the lands of menders of the Rerea Farm Loan

SEED CORN FOR SALE

Calico Corn, Big White, and Sixty bay Large Yellow corn. All fested. W. T. Anderson, Berea, Ky back to us the ad.-37. 14hone 146-2.

EGGS FOR SETTING

Harred Itoeks, pure, 60e a setting see by mail.

T. A. Edwards, Berea, Ky.

SEED CORN FOR SALE

Fine seed corn for sale ut \$5.00 per hushel. C. C. Chrisman. Walnut absolutely correct in Meadow, Rerea. Ky. Phone 176-3.

TWO JACKS FOR SALE

Two good jacks, three and five cears old, 1434 and 15 hands high. 50 as to insure perfect For information phone M. D. Settle, Big Hill, or write me at Big Hill.

WANT A LITTLE FARM NEAR BEREA?

I have five, containing from 30 to 60 acres; some improved with nice cottage houses. Prices from \$30 to \$100 per acre. Easy terms to the

right man. J. W. HERNDON,

Berea, Ky. Berea Ad.-37.

THE REVIVAL MEETINGS Dr. Williams is now in the midst

of his campaign for souls in Herea. No little success has already crowned his efforts. The exact number of for all children of the town on next converts to date we are mable to Friday afternoon at 3:40 o'clock m

House for rent and some lots for lance and interest has increased with children and he has a message Ad, much the last few days. We know for them which will do them good Mrs. Edgar Wyatt teft Monday for of no place where more help can be for life. Give your child every ad-Aberdeen, Miss, where she will golfen than at these afternoon ses- vantage. Every child in town should sions. The morning chapel address - be present. Hemember the day and See the Band Concert display ad es have been inspiring and exceeds hour. Friday at 3:30 o'clock, Ad-37 jugly helpful to the young people.

PRESIDENT CALFEE'S WORK A SUCCESS

and Mrs. Calfee of the Normal and school funch, Collegiate Institute of Asheville. The Domestic Science class is Mrs. S. J. Picklesimer of Valley a Teachers' Summer School is be-their work in the kitchen. View was here over Sunday visit-ling plunned in connection with Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Caulkins and summer; with gratifying prospects the girls of all the grades,

phatic in their hearty commenda- booklets. Wednesday, March 20th, is the tron of the successful work done by The School Board, at its regular Professor and Mrs. Calfee,

EXAMINATION

stenography and clerical work last invited by attend these exercises Jim Kinnard, who was called Saturday, in the Vocational Chapel, as scheduled by the Government candidates were Rerea College stu- W. A. Todd, decrased, I will offer

The examination was conducted the Sixth Civil Service district, p.m., the following described prop-Miss Bertha King of Barbourville which includes Ohio, Indiana and

It is thought, unofficially that A letter from Mrs. Viola Click most of the aspiring young people

GIFTS FOR MEN SERVING IN ENGLAND MAY GO DUTY FREE

Packages containing dutiable gifts of sale. ary Forces temporarily serving in It's your chance to hear the Band England will be delivered free of Ad-37. the personal requirements of the



Born Tailoring

Wartime Economy

It's poor economy to buy "cheap" clothes - because "cheap" clothes are cheap in quality.

And it is extravagant to pay high prices for clothes of good quality, when—

Born - tailored Clothes offer the best of materials and workmanship at sensibly moderate prices.

(Resident Born Dealer)

J. M. Coyle & Co. Kentucky A GREAT MEETING FOR THE CHILDREN Led by Dr. Williams

Dr. Williams will lead a meeling give; but there have been many. The Main Chapel room. All parents Dr. Williams' afternoon luble are neged to have their children Headings have not been appreciated attend this gathering. Dr. Williams as they should; though the attend- has had no unusual negrainfance

> GRADED SCHOOL ITEMS E. F. Dizaey, Principal

Thanks to Mis. Itumold for her The many friends of President generons donation of jelly for the

N. C., will be interested to learn that turning out some flue samples of

Kultting, crocheting, and latting their institution for the coming are getting to be general among

First, second, and third grades The Asheville papers are em- are turbing out some beautiful

President Calfee, Berea friends meeting Safurday, March 9th, rejoice in the experted success of unanimously re-elected E. F. Dizney for next year.

The new flag raising will take BEREANS TAKE CIVIL SERVICE place Friday, March 15, at 1:30 p.m. at the Public School building; Twenty Bereaus took the Civil appropriate exercises in the school

PUBLIC SALE

As administrator of the estate of for sale in the village of Paint Lick. on Saturday, March 23, 1918, at 2:10) erly: t Infernational 10-20 Oil Tractor and Plows; I Turning Plow; 1 Disc Harrow; 1 "A" Harrow; 1 Corn Shelfer; I Mowing Machine; I Tobarco Plow; I Double Shovel Plow; 1 Secop and Tile Spade; 1 Douldefree; 2 Singlefrees; 4 Lot Harness; I Brood Mare; I New Top Buggy; I Buena Vista Saddle, and Terms made known on day

G. B. Todd, Administrator, Paint Lock, Ky

COMMISSIONER'S SALE!

ment an order of sale entered in the tdove styled cause by the Madison Circit Court at its February Term 1918, the undersigned will on April 1, 1918, same being county Court Day in front of the Court House Door in Richmond, Kentucky, at the hour of II A. M., expose to public sale to the highest and fest bidder, the following described property, to make the sum of \$164.55, being the debt interest and cost ordered to be made, SALE FOR BEREA GRADED SCHOOL Said property is described as fol-

A certain lot or parcel of land in on the West side of Boone Street, erly, thence west with South's line tax due the Berea Graded School of to a stake in Sally A. Davis' line, Iterea, Ky., for 1917: thence south with her line 61 feet to a corner to C. H. Rurdelfe, thence with his line 147 feet to the begin. P. L. Droughon, 1 tot...... 5.83

TERMS. Said property will be sold Mary Freuch, 1 lot 1.69 the General Dealer, gives notice that on a credit of six months, the pur-chaser being required to execute Mrs. Lena Holcombe, 1 lot.... 1.69 Scrap iron and other Junk have ad-chaser being required to execute Mrs. Lena Holcombe, 1 lot.... 3.75 vanced in price. Wanted, 30 Care bond recyable to the commissioner W. S. Johnson, 1 lot....... 7.56 or More | Screen | per cent from day of sale until paid, J. B. Pitts, 1 let..... 8.36 with lien retained on land to secure

R. B. Terrill, Master Commissioner W. J. Shipson, 1 lot...... 5.55 Casings.

SUGAR SUPPLY ASSURED FOR MANUFACTURERS OF FOOD PRODUCTS Mamifacturers of essential food

products have been advised by the Food Administration that thee will be able to obtain their full necessary requirements of sugar for manufacfuring purposes during the coming

This applies particularly to packers of fruit, condensed milk, such vegetables for the preservation of which sugar may be necessary, as well as to the housewives, for usage in preserving purposes. As soon as the car shortage is relieved, according to the Food Administration statement, supplies of sugar will be available for these purposes. Shipments from Cuba are steadily increasing.

All canners have been advised to hold for war purposes such quantilies of canned corn, peas, tomatoes, string heans, and salmon as they may have on hand. Such quantities us are not wanted will be released within a few days after receipt of reports showing stocks on hand, which must be submitted to the Food Adviinistration hefore March

We are Authorized by the Treasury Department

To remind our friends who are required to make Income Tax returns that we are at your services to help you make out your returns properly. These returns are DUE BEFORE APRIL 1. It will be to your advantage to attend to this at once.

BEREA NATIONAL BANK

Annual Band Concert

and

"Mother O' Mine"

RUPERT JULIAN and RUTH CLIFFORD In Moving Pictures

We all know the Band Concert is one of the most enjoyable entertainments of the year. This year it will be given in connection with the most beautiful photo-drama ever filmed, "Mother O' Mine."

College Chapel WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1918

Admission 10c and 15c

7:30 P. M.

the City of Heren, Ky., and bounded Monday, April 1, 1918, being county court day, between the hours of 10 corner to Charles furdette, thence a.m. and 2 p.m. in front of the north with Boone Street 63% feet court house in Richmond, Ky., sell to a stake corner to the Smille group- the following property to satisfy the

L. A. Watkins, Collector. MAIN ST.

Durham & Aleorn, 1 lot..... 2.03 T. V. Ritter, 1 lot...... 3.44 F. L. MOORE'S

Jewelry Store

First Class Repairing

Fine Line of Jewelry

low Brass, Light Brass Zinc, Lead, Beef Hides, Horse Hides, Pony and Colt Hides, No. 1 Sheep Skins, Rage, No. 1 Rubber, No. 2 Rubber, Age, Mrs. E. M. Spence, 1 lot..... 5.11 No. 1 Rubber, No. 2 Rubber, Auto.

Hardin Golden, I lot 7.57 liver, I will call for your good

Kentucky

New Spring Models in Coats, Suits, Dresses, Skirts, Blouses are now on display at very reasonable prices.

ad.-39 Phones 343 & 397

B. E. BELUE COMPANY Richmond

\$100 in Education Equals \$1,000 in Land.

The Citizen

Ajfamily Newspaper for all that is right, true, and interesting

Published every Thursday at Berea, Ky.

BEREA PUBLISHING CO. (Incorporated)
WM. G. FROST, Editor-in-Chief
C. H. WERTENBERGER, Managing Editor Subscription Rates

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

Missing numbers will be gladly supplied if we ara mulner).
Liberal terms given to any who obtain new sub-acriptions for us. Any one sending us four yearly subscriptions can receive The tütken free for one year. Advertising rates on application,

JOHN F. DOOLEY WRITES TO HIS AUNT, MRS. J. B. RICHARDSON

Park, Ga. Chattanooga, Tenn.

Dear Annl:- . Vonr consoling and appreciated letter was received, and you can't

magme bow it cheered me up. Vnu will be surprised to know ed in Olicamansa Park in the vicinity where the great battle of Chickamanga bok place. There in honor of our fathers who fell

snajes and will send you prints of them as soon as I get them fluished. of France, United States, England. which I visited this afternoon.

here. I have taken a number of

of students in Herea this winter. I ejectricity, automobiles, etc.; poetmet Dr. McAllister last fall in Lou-ry; hiography, especially antohiog-rsville when he told me there were raphy; French conversation books; more students there then than ever war books; inspirational books on before at that time. I feet greatly modern social and religious quesindebted to Berea College, for the tions. education I acquired during the to 189 m the three weeks I have been here. I was made 1st class Any who may wish to deliver their

Army men here, tout they have not shipment. got a single thing on the National Army men; they can't drill any better, they are ashamed to compete NEW U. S. ARMY RIFLE SHOWS with us in shooting. The greater part of the Campe Taylor men qualitted for marksmen and will seen get to shoot for records.

the range remarked; if ever a fellow service of the Army a sufficient time thought of home, mother and feath- he warrant the assertion that it er beds real seriously it was when more than justifies the claims made he went to led the first night at for it, according to a statement the range-they go out and stay for anthorized by the Secretary of War. a week in tents. Though Hos would. The new rifle takes a 30-calibre war continues long.

in order that I may know what is rim cartridges are fed through the going on in the heantiful little city magazine uniformly with the rim of

Near beer and temperance drinks are likely to occur, coming within designation of malt. The model of 1917 has an over-all tropics are included in the Presc-length of ata inches; a total weight dent's proclamation limiting low- including oiler and thong case and ers of beer to at per rent of the bayonet of to pounds and 5 ounces. amounts of grain and other food The brech mechanism is of the boll materials that were used last year, type,

GREAT AMERICAN DRIVE FOR

ing men must have the vitalizing effects of good reading for their leasure hours. The library must acrompany the men thru the war. Thru the Library War Service of the American Library Association, thirty-seven Free Eirculating Lilearnes have been provided for training-camps, and library service is being extended thru the Y. M. C A., V. W. C. A., and K. of C. buildings, and thru chaplains to smaller camps, posts, forts, navat stations and vessels, and thru all these agencies to our soldiers and sailors overseas. The imperative need is for more books. Several hundred

million more should be supplied. March 18-25 are the days, for this great book campaign. Every tty permission of the recipient of home in America will be visited this letter we publish extracts from it which tortray another phase of of the best ways the American peo-Supply Co. 6th Inf. (Chickmmanga Give books you care for aud enjoy, ple can serve their tighting men. and find it a sacriffee to do without. February 9, 1918, thur men should have the best we

Experience in the camps shows that our soldiers and sailors want books of great variety, but there are that I am in "Inxie Land" and am perion as much as perion. The folliking it just thie. We are quarter- lowing list of subjects is hased on recommendations from camp librarians.

are many fine monuments ererted stories; detective stories; love sto-Fiction. - Adventure: Weslern ries of the best sort; stories of business; historical nevels.

Non-Fiction.-Travel and history Missionary flidge is a the place etc.; mathematics; business; selentitle and agriculture books (pub-I guess there is a large number lished since 1910; engineering.

to Berea the campaign will be short time I was there. It has parried on by the Women's Chibs. helped me get the position as tiom- the V. M. C. A., V. W. G. A., the pany Clerk, which is better than I Christian Endeaver, the public had before, though t do not get the school, and the churches. Some of dulling, but t am finding identy the business men are also assisting of work in the office which has re- the campaign. The books will be direct my weight from 197 pounds collected from the town and campus private a few days ago which means hooks themselves will please being ssant more to my monthly salary, them to the College Library which There are a number of ttegular is to be the center of collection and

IMPROVEMENT OVER OTHER MODELS

The United States rifle, model of 1917, commonly called the modified tine of the lovs who has been at 1 pfield, has now been tested in the

be a "small skinition" for him if the cartridge, which has the advantage of the British Enfield of being run-I am subscribing for The Citizen Jess. It has been found that unless the lop cartridge ahead of the rim of the one jaimediately below, gains

Two million books are needed for U. S. GUNS DRIVE our soldiers and sailors. Our fight-OFF AIRPLANES

DDECINENT'S METIC

Enemy Machines Cross the American Line; One Driven Out of Control.

LONE SENTRY ROUTS FORTY

Pershing Man Attacks Enemy's Patrol Entering Trench-Kills the Leader and Wounds Others-Liquid Fire Attack is Folled.

thousand have been supplied. Two With the American Army in France, Moreti 11.—American antiaircraft guns drave off several enemy machines of the many which crossed the line. One enemy idane was driven down out of control tehind the German line after an aerial buttle which thrilled the men In the trenches,

Lone U. S. Sentry Routs 40. With the American Army in France, March 11.-A tone American sentry attacked an enemy's patrol of about 40 men, some of whom had steatthily entered an advanced American trench. He drove them off, killing the leader and wounding others.

The first reports of the encounter were that another raid had taken place, and all along the line details were being awaited eagerly. But investigation showed that one American started what there was of an offensive. The name of this man is mentioned in all reports of the affair and he has been congratulated heartily by his officers and comrades for his courage and level headedness.

The sentry saw the patrol advancing and looked on as the Germans began to drop cautiously into the trench. He knew that an American patrol was out along the wire not far away and counted upon its help after he opened There were four men in the American patrol. By the time five Clermons had entered the trench the sentry thought he should delay no longer, especially as the under officer, who was feading the Germans, had approached within a few yards of him.

Didn't Walt to Challenge. The sentry opened fire rapidly withont challenging. The German leader fell at the first crack of the rifle. The

others in the trench imrriedly sought

for the sentry's butlets caught som of them.

As the American began firing a Gertoon some distance outside the wire shouted "Come out, come out." The Germons needed no second invitation. In fact those who were still in the wire already had started out. The small American patrol saw the enemy trafftug back across "No Man's Land" under fire from the sentry and from Americans at a point farther along the line. The patrol joined in the fray and helped to speed the Germans on their way by burling a targe number of hand grenades, some of which probably took effect. Four rifles were found in the American lines.

Patrols, both American and German, are constantly seeking opportunity to inspect the opposing lines and the Germans on this occasion certainly did not wish to be discovered. They cut the American wire with the greatest caution, making no noise, but the sentry, who later drove them off, was watch ing their performance all the time.

Foll Liquid Fire Attack.

American troops in the sector north west of Toul have been anhjected for the first time to an attack with figuid fire. Enemy troops carrying flame projectors were just opening the attack when the An.erican patrol which happened to be mear hy fired on them. The Germans fied precipitately, pursued by the Americaus. They dropped four projectors, two of which were flaming. The Americans went into action so quickly that the enemy had no chance to light the other two. No damage was done by the flames.

The projectors lay in "No Man's Land" for three days. Early Thursday morning they were brought in by an American patrol. All had been punctured by shots from the American trenches

Late in the evening the projectors were taken to headquarters. They were strapped to the backs of the men who brought them from "No Man's taken. They are of a type long familfar on the western front.

been extended in March 31, as in

protection, but were not quick enough, ated for war relief work.

SMART PEOPLE BUY DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

OWEN McKEE

THERE IS A REASON

RICHMOND

KENTUCKY

FARMERS BORROW OVER \$50,000,-000 FROM FARM LOAN BANKS

During the month of January, \$11,787,517 were paid out to farmers amount of loans applied for up to sent overseas. February 1 was \$260,556,981, representing 112,146 applications.

EACH BATTLE PLANE NEEDS EXTRA EQUIPMENT AND STAFF OF SKIILLED MEN

After three years of warfare the tolal number of airplanes able to two replacement planes on the Most of the farmers have their toground, and one training plane for bacco heds sown ready for another Land," and moving pictures were every pilot who eventually reaches hig crop. - Success he The Citizen the front, with an extra engine for and the many readers. each pinne.

The life of a plane is not more The period during which rye must be overhanded after each 75 than two months, and the engine thour may be used as a wheat flour hours. Now that American battle substitute in Victory bread has planes are going over seas, the great some sections of the country other of skilled mechanics, enginemen, substitutes are not yet available. motor repair men, wood and metal The campaign do raise a second fect condition. This engineering and week beginning May 6. To date both here and behind the lines in nearly \$90,000,000 has been appropri- France, is a vital industrial link in the chain to air supremacy.

SIGNAL CORPS SCHOOL FOR AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY OPENED AT ROCHESTER, / N. Y.

In the new school opened at of the United States by the Federal Rochester, N. V., to Irain photograland banks on long-time tirst-mort- phers for the Signal Corps, the prigage loans, according to a statement mary training will cover four weeks by the Federal Farm Loan Board. | along highly specialized Meyelop-On February 1 the total amount ments brought out in the war. At d money paid out to farmers since its close the successful graduales the establishment of the Federal will be sent on for a month's adland banks was \$50,782,432, covering vante training, after which they 24,020 loans closed. The total will be organized into units and

Men with the highest grades will he given still further training for commissions as photographic intelligence efficers, tirst at a school and then in actual flights at the flying fields.

EASTERN KENTUCKY NEWS (Continued from Page Eight)

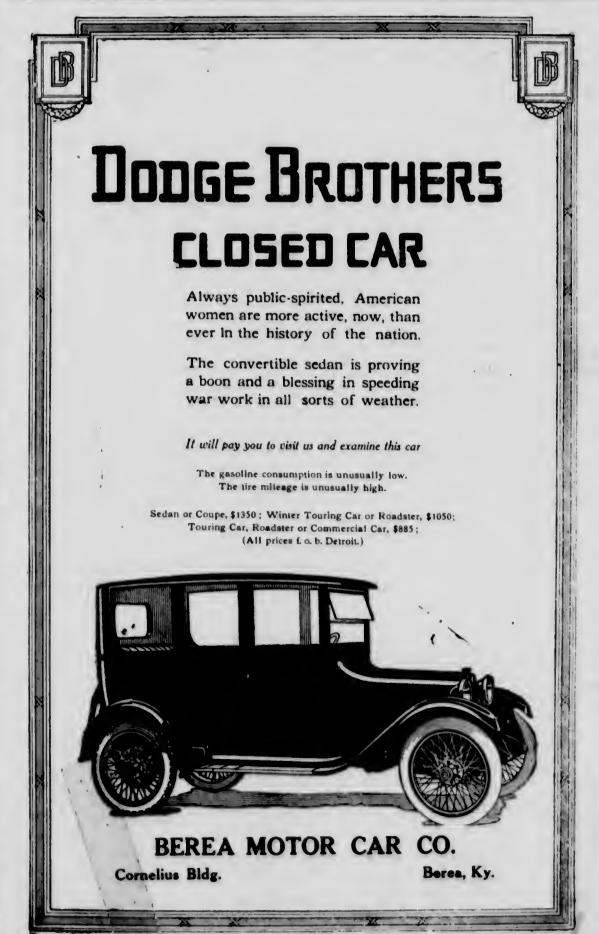
take the air at any one time on good sign of spring. Most all the wilher side of the western front has people are ready for il. - There is not been over 2,500. Each plane in a good deal of corn spoining in the the air requires a force of 16 men, cribs in this part of Clark County .--

ESTILL COUNTY Iron Mound

Iron Monud, March 10. - Julia and Willie toe Howell are enjoying a few weeks visit with their cousins, Mary and Geneva Vaugin and Verna Sparks. - Henry Barrie and workers to keep the planes in per- Elkins near Irvine the 6th. — There wife altended the sale of Mrs. Ann will be preaching at Corrinth life Singon on has been announced by mechanical force at the airdromes, 16th and 17th. — J. W. Anderson the American Red Cross for the the flying fields, and repair depots, filled his appointment at Liberty Saturday and Sunday, this being his Urst trip since November. - Mrs. Robert Harris has returned home from Winchesler where she has been having some dental work done. -Pete Palmer will have a sale like 19th, after which he will move hack be Quicksand. - The little infant of Mr. and Mrs. Elias Palmer is quite ill. - Julia Hill, the wife of Tommie Hill, died March 4th, after a long illness, - Prof. James Bolner, of Owsley County, has just closed a very successful singing selmol at the Fork school house. - Dr. V. R. Combs and family have moved to tron Monml. — Joe Vaughn, W. Fielder, Johnie Thomas, Hussell Thomas and Sam Sparks shipped their tobacro crops to Lexington last week. - W. C. Moores hought of J. T. Vanglin six shoats for 15 cents per pound.

GARRARD COUNTY Paint Lick

Paint Lick, March 11. - Mr. and Mrs. Will Palmer at Point Leavell are rejoicing over the arrival of Chrisline Itill on March 4. - Miss Lucilla Samulers of Graysville, Tenn, who has been the charming guest of Mrs. Jake White, refurned to her home last Sunday. - Frank Conn. of Asheville, N. C., spent a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bohb Foun, in Lauensler.-Mrs. Hella Arnold Francis of Lancaster is visiting friends in the mountains. - Miss Brunelte Arnold is leaching at West Point near Hyattsville. Most all the rural schools of this county are in session now .--Liffle Harvey Henderson has the, mumps. - Mrs, W. C. Hpley and Forest Dowden of Berea spent Sunday with their mother, Mrs. J. T. Thompson, who is quite ill. -- Charley Graves, Hichard Lackey and John Tatum of Point Leavell motored to Lexington Saturday. - The Misses Kate Wells, Willie Mar Calico and Mary Day of Manse spent the week end at Ford visiting Miss Wells' parents. - Mrs. O. M. Barr of Hackley is spending several days with her sister, Mrs. J. T, Thompson on White Lick. - Mrs Sam Schooler and daughters, of Hyaltsville, and Mrs. B. C. Wearren of Markshury motored to Danville Friday to spend the day with Mr. and Mrs. Creed Simpson. - Mike Jennings and family molored thru from Villa Grove, III., last week and have moved into the house on W. C. Wynn's farm on While Lick recently varated by John Pennington who has moved near Manse. - Virgil Gastlucau of Hyatlsville sold a row for \$95 last week, — A telegram came Sunday morning from Hattlesburg, Miss. saying that Si Foley, who is in camp there, is not expected to live. He had meastes and they settled on his hings.



Undivided profits, less current expenses, interest, taxes paid. 1,697.54 Dividends unpaid Other time deposits 111,118,00 Total Contingent Liabilities \$361,137.80 State of Kentucky, County of Madison, ss: I. J. L. Gay, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear

Berea National Bank

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts (notes held in bank) \$232,725 32

Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks..... 51,075.57

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in \$25,000.00

Surplus fund...... 34,500.00

Treasurer 1,250.00\$361.137.80

state of Kentucky, at the close of business on March 4, 1918.

Overdrafts, unsecured

U. S. bonds (other than Liberty flonds of 1917)

Value of banking house

Furniture and fixtures

Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank

Checks on other banks in the same city as reporting bank . . .

Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S.

Report of the condition of the Berea National Bank at Berea in the

J. L. Gay, Cashier, Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of March, 1918. W. B. Walden, Notary Public.

Correct-Attest: J. W. Lambert, J. J. Branaman, John W. Welch, Directors.

that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

My commission expires Jan. 19, 1920.

14,700.00

MOUNTAIN AGRICULTURE

Conducted by Mr. Robert F. Spence, Farm Demonstrator and Special Investigator

DANGER

for Farmers and Business Men.

ing our business.

show their patriotic interest by for his live stock, and the answer being present Saturday, March 16, is: a vegetable garden, a milk cow,

AN IMPORTANT WAR DUTY OF THE SOUTH FOR 1918

and she will put a burden upon the every farmer, be as nearly self-susnation which may prolong the war taining as possible, and even imperil our victory.

ricultural Colleges. I have consid- ing in France for the preservation ered the conclusions of the Inter- of the republic. No man can be exnt Rome, which has reports from responsibility. all the world.

demand.

than three years. The chief cause while in America. of Itussia's collapse was hunger.

wives and children are starving. SecretaryMcAdoo has given warn-Warning To Farmers and Business ing that transportation maybe lacking in 1918 to haul food and feed be states and communities that do not Saturday afternoon, March 16, at provide for themselves. Many cat-1:30 in Berea Gollege Vocational the have been sacrificed in the Chapel there will be one of the drouth region of the Northwest most important meetings of the year and the Southwest during the last few months because railroad cars This section is fucing one of the could not be oldained as needed. most dangerous periods since 1492. Military movements must have first Come, furmers and Business Men, consideration, and military moveand help to solve the problem be- ments will be greater in 19t8 than fore us. Government men will he in 1917. The prime question is not here to relate facts to us concern- what products will bring the highest prices, but what products will Men and women are urged to insure food for his family and feed

corn, oats, peanuts, etc., and then as touch cotton or tobacco as he can

cultivate well. It is the highest demand of pa-If the South neglects this year lo triotism- it is the first requirement is likely to suffer serious privation, every county, every neighborhood,

For the South to plunge on colten I am aware that these are strong or tobacco or any other speculative words, fail they are none too strong, crop and to depend upon the corn 1 am not expressing an alarmist belt for bread and meat will be for personal opinion. I am speing thru the South to engage in a gamble the eyes of 48 agricultural colleges which may cause privation to its and county agents in nearly every ag- people and disaster to the nation. ricultural county. I have recently for any man now to determine his crossed the continent from the A1- business operations from the lantic to the Pacific. I have studied standpoint of profit alone, without the reports gathered by the Depart- regard to the nation's needs as for ment's t8,000 representatives and laim wilfully to profiteer in the as many more employees of the Ag- blood of his fellows who are light-

My whole life has been spent in to million people withdrawn from farmer. He will do his duty as he staying at home." productive industries and engaged sees it. I am appealing to every in the business of destruction, it man in the South to make known is not humanly possible for produc- these facts - to consider it his bustion on the whole to exceed normal iness to make them known-and I demand. The question is whether shall have no doubt of the results. production can equal necessitous if they are not made known in a way to impress the crisis that eon-England, France, and Italy must fronts us, there may be hunger in be sustained or their population this bounteons land, or hunger over cannot stand the strain. They have yonder in Europe where it will been on scanty rations for more spell ruin for all that is worth

CLARENCE OUSLEY Soldiers cannot light when their Assistant Secretary of Agriculture

America is face to face with the necessity of revo-

that principle depends not only the industrial welfare of this country in

of the lack of vision of our so-called political leaders of the last twenty

years. Politicians had decreed that ruthless competition should rule

murket; adulteration of product and bad trade practices, rebating, secret

When war was declared this country was saddled with the incubus

We have had all the evils that flow from unrestricted competition-

Are we ready to prepare with all possible speed for the new economic

Are we ready to accept the new principle, viz., that co-operation is

The problem, brought fully before us in the events of the past year,

henceforth to be the life of trade and that ruthless competition is no longer

is the most important and also the most fascinating of any that this coun-

try has ever solved. It ealls for the most supremely unselfish and patriotic

Flour, Hay and Grain.
Flour—Winter patent \$10.80@11.15, Cattle—Shippers \$10@15, Bard patent \$11@11.25; rye flour, steers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7 choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7 choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7 common to fair \$7

hard patent \$11@11.25; rye flour, choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. Northwestern blended \$11.50@11.75. Hay—No. 1 timothy \$33.75@34, No. 2, \$32.50@33.75, No. 1 clover mixed \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$8.50@9, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$8.50@9, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$7. @9; helfers, extra \$10.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$1.50@11.50, good to choice \$9.50@10.50, common to fair \$1.50@11.50, good to choice \$1.50@11.50,

Oats—No. 2 white 97@98e, standard white 96%@97c, No. 3 white 96@ \$18.25, good to choice packers and butchers \$18.25, medium and mixed \$6%c, No. 2 mixed 94@95c, No. 3 mix. \$18.25, stags \$10@13, common to ed 93@94c

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

Butter—Whole milk creamery extraction of the street of the

the future, but the social status of our people as well.

Have we profited by our mistakes?

CINCINNAT! MARKETS.

Eggs-Prime firsts 33c, firsts 33c, or-

conditions that face us?

the life of trade?

Have we awakened to the necessities of the future?

elfort that the people of our land are capable of giving.

industry.

Co-Operation, Not Competition

Must Govern Business in Future

By GEORGE W. PERKINS, Business and Financial Expert

SIX DOORS

FOR ASPIRING YOUNG PEOPLE

1st Door—Berea's Vocational Schools

Training that adds to your money-carning power, combined with general education.

FOR TOUNG MEN-Agriculture, Carpentry, Brickinging, Printing, Commerce and Telegraphy.

FOR YOUNG LADIES .- Home Science, Dressmaking, Cooking, Nursing, Stenography and Typewriting.

2nd Door—Berea's Foundation School

General Education for those not far advanced, combined with some vocational training. No matter what your present advancement, we can put you with others like yourself and give chance for most rapid progress.

a brood sow, a poultry flock, ample 3rd Door—Berea's English Academy Course

For those who are not expecting to teach and who are not going thru College and desire more general education. It also gives the best general education for those who wish a good start in study and expect to enrry it on by themselves.

provide for own food and feed, she of living-that in 1948 every State, 4th Door-Berea's Normal School

This gives the best training for those who expect to leach. Courses are so arranged that young people can teach through the summer and fall and attend school through the winter and spring, thus earning money to keep right on in their course of study. itead Dinsmore's great book, "How to Teach a District School."

5th Door—Berea's Preparatory Academy Course

This is the straight road to College-best training in Mathematics, Science, Languages, History and all preparatory subjects. The Academy is now Berea's largest department.

6th Door—Berea College

This is the crown of the whole institution, and provides standard courses in all advanced subjects.

A Temporary Raise in Board is forced by war conditions. To the regular price of board as advertised in the catalog will be added this undional Institute of Agriculture cused for not taking his share of the year, for young ladies, ten cents a week, and for young men, twenty

This adds \$3.60 to the year's expenses for girls, and \$7.20 for boys The plain, hard truth is that wille the South. 4 know the Southern but still leaves the cost half that at other schools and "cheaper than

> PAYMENT MUST BE IN ADVANCE, incidental fee and room rent by the term, board by the half term. Installments are as follows:

> > WINTER TERM Expenses for Boya

VOCATIONAL AND	AUADENT	
FOUNDATION SCHOOLS	AND NORMAL	COLLEGE
	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00
6.00	7.20	7.20
10.20	10.20	10.20
2, 1918 21.20	23.40	24.40
e Feb. 13 10.20	10.20	10.20
	*33.60	*34.60
Expenses for Girls		
\$ 5.00	\$ d.011	8 7.M
6.00	7.2	7.21
9.60	9.60	9,6(
2, 1918 20.60	22.80	23.80
e Feb. 12 9.60	9.60	9.60
	*32.40	*33.40
	\$ 5.00	\$5.00 \$6.00

This does not include the dollar deposit nor money for books or laundry.

Special Expenses in Addition to Incidental Fee-Business

America is face to face with the necessity of revo- lutionizing her attitude toward business. The events of our first war year have demonstrated that we are as unprepared for peace as we were unprepared for war. And unless we learn the lesson that this year's events ought to have taught us, industrially and eco- nomically, the United States is in for a very severe trial not only during but after the close of the war.	Stenography and Typewriting Bookkeeping (brief course) Bookkeeping (regular course) Business course for students is other departments: Stenography Typewriting, with one hour's use of instrument	14.00 7.00	9.00 6.00	Spring \$10.00 10.00 5.0d) 7.50
The new principle of business that our unpre-	Com. Law., Com. Geog., Com.			
paredness has taught us is that co-operation and not			1.90	1.50
competition is the life of trade. On our acceptance of	in no ease will special Busmess Fee	s exceed	\$t5.00 per term.	

Any able-hodied young man or young woman can get an education at Berea if there is the will to do so.

If it is impossible for any young man or young woman to be in school the full year, by all means they should enter for a course during the winter and spring terms.

The public schools will close about Christmas and the teachers and advanced pupils should not be idle through the long winter months but should be studying in Berea where the best education can costly trade wars between economic units that were fighting for the same be gotten for least money.

Applicants must bring or send a testimonial showing that they are agreements, price cutting, low wages, child labor and all their attendant above 15 years old, in good health and of good character. This may be signed by some former Berea student in good standing or some reliable teacher or neighbor. The use of tobacco is strictly forbidden.

For information or friendly advice write to the Secretary,

MARSHALL E. VAUGHN, Berea, Ky.

Proper Food.

There is no end to the discussion of the influence of dietetics on the health. In that discussion we find rouch said about calories, proteins, and food zine, and undertook to cultivate the values generally. In the meautime the people seem to be eating what they The scientific facts concerning food ped his horse in front of a little cabin have no more effect upon people than on the woman in the Chicago settlement, who refused some healthful sawdust and straw, saying she would eat what "she'd ruther." It is almost impossible to hold people down to selentific dietetics. Take ealeries, for instance, the ruling element in food, but which sometimes are not as loudly called for as at other times and by other appetites, but no one thinks of calorles. One takes the food that suits his palate, without any reference to the chemistry of it. Itut the food prohleto that does not include the habit problem is not to be commended. Good habits and good food go together. A person of bad hablis wants bad food. A person of good life wants his air pure, his talk pure, his food pure. As a man thinketh in his stomach so

he, also.-Ohto State Journal.

All in the Point of View A young lawyer in Florbla was running for office, says Everybody's Magaacquaintance of all the country people for niles round-with the idea of getting votes. One evening he stopand inquired of the old man at the door whether he might spend the night at his home. "Sure, partner," said the old man. "Stop and light." The lawyer followed him into the cabin. There was only one room, and in a corner of it was siretched a bearskin, the trophy of a hunt, and the only hed of the hunter. A pumpkin served as a pillow. In answer to the lawyer's inquiring look, the host pointed to the hearskin and said with great magnanimity: "Strunger, I tell ye what we'll do-ye take the punkin and the b'arskin, and I'll rough it."

Some Women Have That Knack. Re—"Where does your wife carry her street ear fare?" Illa Nelghbor—"In the other woman's purse. Honest, though, you'd think she wanted to pay

HOME DEPARTMENT

Conducted by Miss Margaret Dizney, Director of Home Science

Nation Has Responded Nobly But Still Greater Sacrifices Must Be Made

By CORA RIGBY

Liberty and democracy! These have been the underlying words, the basic principles, of the loans which the men, women and children of the country have been asked to make to the United States government.

The magnificent response to the appeal has been due not only to the fact that the loans were the safest investment in the world but rather because, in this form, the people could show their faith, could participate in the war which is to end the slaughter of innocent noncombatants and the ruthless destruction of homes and villages and the laying waste of fruitful lands.

The government of the United States will go on asking its people to give its pennies, its dollars, its thousands and its millions until the war is won, confident that every patriot will sacrifice in every other direction that he may have a share in helping this great cause in these trying

The people have no cause to blush for what they have done in the first nine months of the war. 'The government has every reason for gratitude. The big thing which flares instantly into view when the financial effort of 1917 is reviewed are the two Liberty loans, oversubscribed, not only willingly but joyously, and with the utmost enthusiasm.

Splendid as have been the sacrifices and responses of the American people, they have yet to make greater sacrifices and to increase their generosity. The wealthy must pay heavier taxes and lend more money to the government, and the wage carner and smail salaried noan must manage to give his proportion. The necessity for economy by everyone is making itself felt slowly but surely. Everyone must not only give up something that he really wants, but he must make that sacrifice count for the government's efficiency in winning the wnr.

To Do Everything Possible to Help Win the War Is Object of Railroads

By R. H. AISHTON, President Chicago & North Western Railroad

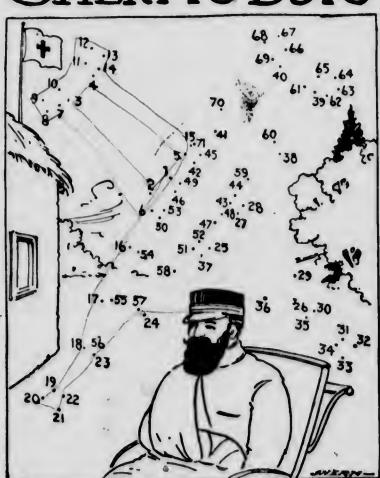
To do everything possible to help win the wnr has been the object of the railronds since the war began and will be their object until the war is won. Everything else must be subordinated to that object. That is why the railroads of this country have eliminated all individual interests and competitive rivalries and have been operated as parts of a single system under the railroads' war board.

With no increase in their facilities, the railronds have transported an enormous volume of government business, including troop movements, in addition to the heaviest commercial freight and passenger traffic ever known. With the continued patriotic co-operation of the public, the railroads will keep on doing what is most necessary to win the war.

They have not broken down and will not break down under the enor-

mous burden imposed on them by war conditions. They look to the future with confidence and hope in view of the assurances contained in the president's proclamation assuming on behalf of the federal government their control and direction, and will continue to render the best service of which they are capable under the new order of

SHERM'S DOTS



THE DOTS SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE. By Clifford Leon Sherm

Dear Folks:-They found out at the hospital that my leg was not broken and I was greatly relieved. The next morning after my arrival I wanted to go down to the pler and see the boys, but I found I couldn't walk very well. Outside of the hospital was a French soldier in a wheel chair. He had the funniest whiskers I over saw. But I am never going to laugh at a Frenchman's whiskers. He turned out to be a dandy fellow, and when he learned that I wanted to go to the pler he loaned me his To complete the picture, draw a line from dot 1 to dot 2, then from dot 2

to dot 8, and so on. (Copyright, 1917, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

Woes of the Rich.

"It must be nice to have a lady's maid." "Yes, but it's annoying the days the cook doesn't come and you tail and now perhaps you will kindly have to cook for the lady's maid," said let me see—" llusband—"Mathilda, he

Doctor-"Pardon me, madam, but my time is not my own. You have given me all your symptoms in sufficient dedoesn't want to hear your tongue any more; he wants to look at It."

dinary firsts 31e, seconds 30c. Live Poulthy—Sale of fowls and pullets is prohibited by authority of Food since April 1, 1917, have been more Admioistrator Hoover from February than 379,000.

choice heavy fat sows \$10@16.25, light shippers \$18@18.25.

30e; fryers, 2 lbs and over, 30c;

Time is Your Fortune---Don't Waste it!

SUNDAY SCHOOL

Lesson 12.—First Quarter, March 24, 1918,

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES (Conducted

Lesson Text, Mark 6:32-44-Memory EVERY MAN AT HIS BEST! Verse, Mark 6:50-Golden Text, Matt. 20:28-Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns,

After they inid awny the body of John the thiptist, and had told Jesus all that they had done and taught, our Lord sull that they should come away lows lds deldors, but no man will from the crowd and rest awhile, for so deny me when I say that that which many were coming and going they had makes for physical incompetency is an no leisure even to ent (vss. 3002). To enemy of the state. those who long for rest he suys, "I know thy works," and he also bys, "Come unto me and 1 will give you rest" (Hev. 2:2; Matt. 11:28). Contrast those who some day will have such a glorious rest and those who will never rest day nor night (itev, 14:11, stitution is the supreme tangible foe they continue at work until absent from the body or caught up to meet him in the air.

The two parts of today's lesson, feeding the multitudes and tolling in the en, immediately vital to the national night storia, simply and wonderfully and world program of this republic, ort forth our present occupation as his | cannot be at their best until the liquor followers, and present conditions till institution is destroyed. Other and he come. The feeding of the live thou unborn millions are physically, morannel is the only miracle recorded in billy, industrially and politically preeach of the four geopels, the night damned by the eugenic thint of nicestorm is found in all but Lake. When hot. And America needs every man at the multitudes saw them departing his best!-Danlel A. Poling. across the sea, they run sfoot and outwent them, and came together mito BAD FOR THE WASHERWOMAN. When he saw the multitudes he was moved with compassion for these ciples, but the multitudes followed him Secanse they saw his miracles on them lors, thousands of the wives of drinkthat were diseased; so he healed their had need of healing. Always note the (Matt. 1:23). As the day wore away, and the evening came, the disciples became a little concerned about the mnithudes having nothing to ent, and so they asked the Lord to send them away Into the villages to liny hread tyss, 35, 36). How great must have been their surprise when he said; "They need not depart, give ye them to cut" (vs. 37: Mutt. 15:10).

Here we need to notice John 6:5-9. and the suggestion of Philip and Andrew; the one saving how each one might have a little if- and the other upologizing for speaking of a lad who had five burley loaves and two smull fishes. The bord's suggestion, or rather commond, was simply an impossibiliity as they saw it. How they folled in their knowledge of him, and seemed not to recognize in bim the one who had fed all Isrnel for forty years with bresd from heaven. Do we know ldm any better now? Communding them to lirling to lilin the boy's loaves and down by hundreds and fiftles upon the green grass, for there was much grass. In the place, he took the loaves and tishes and, looking up to heaven, he gave thanks and blessed them, and gave them to the disciples, and through them to the multitude. They dol all eat and were filled, and twelve baskets full of fragments of the loaves and tishes were gathered, for he had sold, "Gather up the fragments that remain that nothing be lost." Thus 5,000 men, besides women and children, were abundantly fed (vss. 4t-41 and the other gospels).

Multitudes are perishing today for lack of the Brend of Life, the Living Brend from Henven, and he is saying to all who have it, "Give ye them to eat." More than buil of the people on earth have never yet had a taste of the Itresd of Life, while those who have tasted and hungered for more are too often given stones instead of bread. He is saying, "Ent ye that which is good and let your soul delight itself in fatness," "Ent, O friends; drink, yen, drink nimalantly, O beloved" 55:2; Song of Solomon 5:1); but where are the disciples who are ready to receive the brend at his hands and pass It on to the himgry? He received from his Father all that he passed on to others, us he said, "t have given unto them the words which thou gavest me" (John 17:8; 12:49, 50). Only that which we receive from him is worth passing on, for all else is naught but the thoughts and opinions of men. His cry still is, "Whom shall I send, and who will go for us?" There is no use saving "tiere am I, send me" (Isa, 6.8) unless we are willing as his sent ones to carry only his message (Ex. 4:t2; Jer. 1:7-9; 1lng. 1:til).

He sent the multitudes away in peace, but constrained his disciples, who were evidently unwilling to leave him, to return by bont to the other side, to Bethenida, while he departed late a mountain alone to pray (vss. 45, 46). The wind was against them, and evidently a strong wind, for they were tonsed with the waves and were tolling hard at the cars, and this continued till year morning, the fourth watch, when he came to them, walking on the sea (vss. 47,48). He saw it all, but did not come to them till the morulag. How suggestive it all is of his true disciples now. He is at the right hand of the father making intercession for us, sad we are in the world's night cuatending with wluds and waves.

emperance A Night in a

Men and women as citizens are the product of four environments: The physical, the moral, the industrial and the political.

A physical incompetent by superior qualities of the unconquerable soul may lift biniself out of the chains of

A moral incompetent cannot be a good citizen. An Industrial Incompetent cannot

be a good citizen. A political incompetent cannot be a

good citizen.

I submit to you that the linuar in-13). It may be his will for some that of the state, laccause it is the supreme positive promuter of physical, moral, industrial and political incompe-

Millions of citizens, men and wom-

So neute has become the local shortage in washerwomen that it amounts skepherdiess sheep and began to teach to a "famine," says itobert l'atton in them many things (vss. 33, 34). It was the American Issue, It was not olways nearly passover thue and Jesus had so, in the haicyon days when Deaver gone up lute a mountain with his distinct saloons and the pay envelopes were being cashed in the thirst paring men were compelled to take in sick as well as taught them (John 6:1- washing to eke out a siender living for 4; Mutt. (4:14). In Luke 0:11 It is the little family. This condition suited written that he spake anto them of the the booze interests to a T. One of be counterfelted. I asked her to tell Kingdom of God and benied them that the wet newspapers in an explorant ontburst of philanthropy urged the saussociation of ids healing with bis loonkeepers to send their "family teaching concerning the Kingdom wash to the wives of their putrons" und let the subconists rake in the pay checks,

But all this is but a dream since this city went dry. Dachly is now spending his money for household supplies and wife has ceased to take in washing-hence the "fumine." Verily prohibition has "hurt" the washerwomnn business us well us that of the undertaker and grave digger.

GERMANY UNDER PROHIBITION.

The German army was practicully mobilized under prohibition, Miss Mur- rest on." guret Wintringer tells in the Union Signal. Germany actually clambered over the wheels of the water wagon, she saya, by reviving the hiw of the state of seige enacted in 1851. "For un unheard of six weeks even beer was under taboo in all Berman villages. And to these six weeks Bermany owes her fulthit success in the war. But ere firmly sented she fell off the ter wagon. In October the law of the tishes, and make the multitudes sit | State of Siege was lifted and there followed the wretched village orgies, and the atrochtles in Belgiam which have forever blackened Germany's escutch-

LUMBERJACKS OPPOSE SALOONS.

A good argument for prohibition is furnished by the action of Washington lumberlacks. About tifty of these men had been tighting fires in Iduho and Washington (both dry states) and refused to go into Montana to perform same service because they fenred that if they exposed themselves to the temptations of a wet state, they would lose all their earnings in the saloons, So they turned down an append for help at good wages and remained in dry territory.

Montanu's statutory prohibition haw, enacted November, 1916, goes into affect December 3t, 1918. After that date the state won't be shunned by lumberjacks or by anybody except boozers.

ALCOHOL NEUTRALIZES FOOD.

Food is not only wasted in the manufacture of alcoholic drink, but the drink itself renders nugatory the nutritive value of much food that is enti'nt a lump of sugar into alcohol. it hardens instead of dissolving as it does when placed in water. A half pound of beefsteak, chased by a highbull does not furnish more than 60 per cent an nuch nourishment to the body as when it is enten alone.

PROHIBITION BEST.

that of an experience which has touched all classes and conditions of men, I am willing to state my belief that in this present crisis the United States would be better able to meet the high dulles before it if prohibition general and absolute.-Gov. Churlea C. Whitman of New York,

REFUSE TO BE LIQUOR BOOST.

ERS. Inquiry in January, 1917, directed to every publication in the United States, no matter what its character or frequency of Issue, revealed that 8.367, or nearly one-third of all the publications in the country, declined to serve as a medium of drink solicitation, anya the Cyclopedia of Temperance and Prohibition, published by the Board of Temperance of the M. E, church. At this writing many others might be added to the honor

Metropolis

DDESINEMT'S OFFICE

By ALAN HINSDALE

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspeper Union.

In the great city of New York there is no night. There is durkness in spots; there is prificial Humination; but the great living current does not cense to flow,

One night I lay awake listening to t clock in a church tower strike the hours. There was also a confusion of sounds, the principal one being the passing of elevated trains some distance from me at intervals of a few minutes.

When the clock atrack two I rose, dressed myself and went out on the street. The ongoing was the same an toonday. In my washerings I reached an embankment of the Hudson river that-had been made into a park. Sitting on a bench I gave myself up to meditation. Years ago savages had looked down on the black stream as 1 was now doing. A time would come when not one of those who nude up the stream of life behind me would be ulive. And yet the human current would roll on. Where? Who known? The dny may come when the waves of an ocean may roll over Manhatlan Island as it rolled ages ago.

I was conscious of someone sitting at the other end of the bench on which for me to tell that she was a girl, somewhere between seventeen and twenty years old. I did not like the close proximity with a woman at that hour and was about to srise and move on when she addressed me.

"Don't go," she said. "I haven't a friend in the world. I have come from the center of that city of sin and sorrow, of good and evil, to find rest from suffering. I find you here alone, and you fear me,"

She bent her head down, concealed her face with her hands and moaned. There was no acting in what ahe did or anid. Such grief as hers was not to me her troubles. She said that she wan one of the many tributaries to the grent human stream ever moving on the Island. The flow of country girls to the city like the current it feeds never ceases, despite the countless wrecks. She had wandered all day looking for work and found none. She was tired and hungry and when night came she had no money with which to buy food or a place to sleep. She had come to the river far from the mad throng, where she could at

least suffer alone, "You mean," I said shuddering, "that you have come to the park embankment where you may find a heach to

She made no other reply than moans and tears. I took money from my pocket and hunded it to her. She re-

"It will avail nothing now," she said. "It would have availed nothing had it come sooner. When day comes I would have been doomed to go from store to store, from factory to factory. looking for work. I am not able to continue the drendful trump. Besides, I have reached a point where anything seems more merciful than that merciless flow of humanity,"

With this she leaned back on the bench and was silent, motionless, tt occurred to me that the most practicable thing to do would be to go for one of the city's men appointed for such work. Rising 1 told her to remain where she was and I would return with someone who would take care of her during the night, and on the morrow I would interest myself on her behalf.

t left her and going a short distance found a policeman whom I told that I had found a despairing woman who needed the city's care.

"The town's full of 'em," he said. "I wouldn't advise you to get mixed up with one of them. You'll only get yourself in trouble."

"I'll lookout for that," I replied. "It's your duty as a policeman when I call upon you for aid in such a case to give It."

He rejuctantly came with me. We had not far to go. I had kept my eye on the figure on the bench, and when we started for it I saw it plainly. But as we advanced it seemed less distinct instead of clearer.

"Where are you going?" asked the policeman.

"To that bench," pointing, "I thought you were taking me to a woman."

"So I am, don't you see her leaning against the back of the heach?" "There's no woman there."

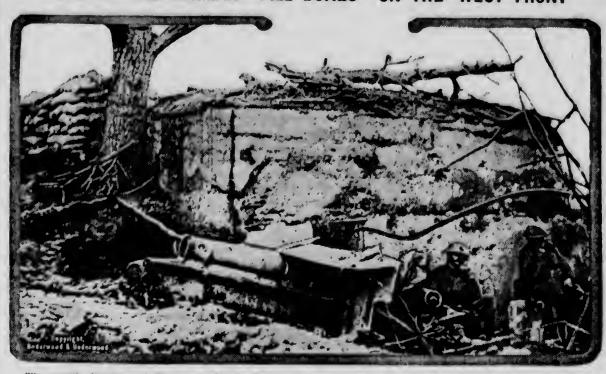
I looked again. The policeman was right; the bench was vacant. I was too astonished to reply. I stood staring at the point where I had

left the girl. "She's given you the slip," anid the cop. "it's the old story. As soon as she saw you come for me, she lit out. You're not the first young innocent

that has been fooled that way." I had nothing to say, but I was not influenced by his words. I went to my room. Daylight was ponring in at the windows. Throwing myself on the bed I tried to saatch a little sleep, but

All that day I tried to banish my experience of the night, but it would not be banished. On the elayated train in the afternoon I took up an evening paper. One of the first items that caught my eye was a statement that a young girl had drowned herself the night before, at the point where I had seen

ONE OF THE GERMAN "PILL BOXES" ON THE WEST FRONT



The terrifle British and French guafire in Flanders has enused the Germans to abandon intricate trench structure for defense purposes, and they have now devised concrete and steel outposts defended with machine guns known as "pill boxes." They are proving less formidable than the trenches. One of them in here shown after its They are proving less formidable than the trenches. One of them in here shown after its capture by the Hritish.

CORN WILL WIN 1 rested, and turning my head saw a DEMOCRACY'S WAR

America's Greatest Cereal Crop Is Now Moving to Market.

MAINSTAY IN NATION'S CRISIS.

Surplus Whest of the United States Has Been Sent to Famine Threstaned Europe.

America's great corp crop, exceeding 3,000,000,000 bushels, will save the world's food situation, officials of the United States tood administration be-

Corn is the nation's best food cereal, housewives are beginning to realize. It contains all the elements needed to keep the body in a state of health and tried recipes, especially when combined with an added portion of oil or parched corn alone for many days at a Style." time, and at Valley Forge purched corn was at times the sole ration of the Confinental soldiers.

Owing to transportation difficulties more slowly to market this year than ever before. Now, however, the cereal is reaching the millers and consumers. to the meantline the nation's surplus wheat has been sent to Enrope,

bushels of corn for every American, could hold a more important place in This quantity is greater by five bushels than in former years.

Corn has become the nation's mainstay in the crisis of war.

Just as this cerent saved the first American colonists from famine on ennny occasions, just as it served as a staple food during the War of the Revolution and during the Civil Wur, King Corn has aguin come to the front in the untlou's battle with autocracy.

Corn meal is finding greatly increased use in the making of ordinary white bread. Hundreds of housewives and many of the larger bakers are mixing 20 per cent, corn meal with wheat flour to make leavened bread. This kind of a mixture is worked and baked in the same recipes and with the same methods that apply to straight wheat bread.

Corn brend-using corn meal entirely-is gaining a greater popularity than ever before. Honsewives are coming to realiza that every pound of wheat anved in America means a pound of wheat released for ahipment to the untions with which America is associated in the war. There are a acore of corn products

that today possess nausual Importance for Americans. Corn ayrup for sweetening corn cakes and buckwheat cakes and for use in the kitchen instead of granulated sugar is one of the leading products made from corn. Corn oil, excellent for frying and for

every other purpose illied by salad o'ls, is appearing on the market in large quantities. It comes from the germ of

NEW ZEALAND GOOD MARKET

Shoe Dealars Find Goods Marked "Latest American Styles" Attract Most Patronage.

American shoe manufacturers have It to their power to increase their sales in New Zealand in spite of the preferential tariff that operates against them, saya a report issued by Uncle Sam's bureau of foreign and domestic commerce. American shoes when used according to the scores of are as well thought of there as in other parts of the world and the strongent bid for patronage that a refat, will sustain life indefinitely. the tailer can make is to show in his windian warriors in colonial days lived on down shoes marked "Latest American

The business obtainable in the New Zealand market is well worth cultivating, it is declared, for the merchants are a most dependable class caused by the war the corn crop moved of careful, conservative shoe dealers, and the people can afford to buy the highest-priced footwear. Of the \$2,-000,000 worth of footwear imported in 1916, only about \$175,000 worth came from the United States. There Today there are approximately 30 is little question that American shoes the market, says the government report, if more sales energy were back of them. Other shoes are being sold for fully as high prices as would have to be charged for American shoes, grade for grade.

THE UNITED STATES FOOD

ADMINISTRATION SAYS: There is no royal road to food conservation. We can only accomplish this by the voluntary action of our whole people, each element in proportion to its means. It is a matter of equality of burden; s matter of minute saving and aubstitution at every point in the 20,000,000 kitchens, on the 20-000 000 dinner tables, and in the 2 000 000 menufacturing, wholesate and retail establishments of the country

MADE-IN-GERMANY LIES CIRCULATED IN CANADA

Canada is also having trouble with Made-in-Germany liea calculated to hinder Canadian food conservation according to an official statement received from the Canadian food controller by the United States food administration.

The stories bothering Canada are of the same general character an those the United States food administrator recently denounced in this country, auch as the ridiculous salt and blueing famine fakea and the report that the government would seize housewives' stocks of home canned

The Canadian food controller estimates that when the people listen to and pass on such stories, each one has the power of destruction that iles in a battstion of soldiers.

"Stories without even a vestige of foundation have been scattered broadcast," said the Canadian statement. Nor have they come to life casualty. They have started simultaneously in different parts of the country and in each instance have been culculated to arouse public indignation,

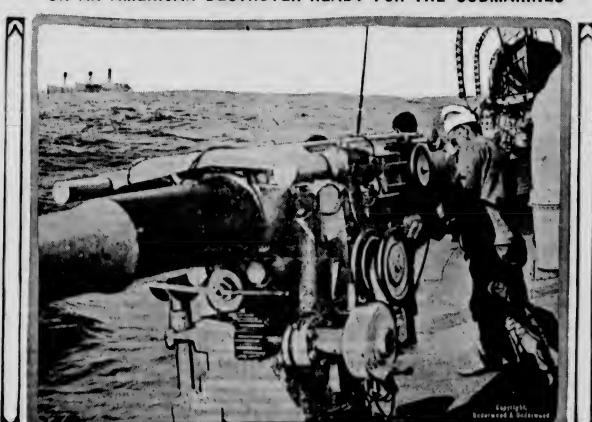
"They are insidious, aubtle, persistent. lit by bit they dissipate public trust, the great essential in the work of food control.

"it lies with every individual to forhear from eriticism; to refrain from passing on the vagrant and harmful story, and thus the more effectively to co-operate in work which is going to mean more than the majority of people yet realize."

Sausage From Cottonseed.

The United States is certainly the "land of cotton," declares an exchange. Nowhere else in the world is cotton grown in such abundance, and put to such a variety of uses. The fiber, of course, is made into cloth; the ou from the seeds is used as a chrap substitute for olive oil and us a hasts for lard, and now the seeds themselves are being ground into flour and used for food purposes, says Copular Science Month-Glugersnaps and lumbles are made from it, and it is mixed with fiaely chopped ment and thed in sausage finks. To make the cottonseed sunsage, three pounds of sausage ment is mixed with one pound of rottonseed flour. This flour is said to contain as much nutrition as the meat which it takes the place of, and to effect a saving of 8 cents a pound on the sausage.

ON AN AMERICAN DESTROYER READY FOR THE SUBMARINES



A rather warm welcome awalts the U-boat that dares poke its periscope above the waves within range of this American gun. Our gun crew is shown on this American destroyer, in the Etritish official photograph, training the gun

East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

No correspondence published unless signed in full by the writer. The name

JACKSON COUNTY

death of Linele Min Thrner of Rond, of this place, - Mrs. W. Botkin has on Hardwick's Creek two years ago former Herea student who has spent tes, Jesse Gabbard, Pearl Gabbard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William ly, and the operators expect to test loved and honored most by those tirst of March.—Elisha Baker has their hereavement. — Leslie Bowlin measles.—Clark Cumagin went to has moved into C. C. Chrisman's 30 to 50 barrel producer on the Robit. Spence as teacher closed Friday. — Louisville last week to buy goods, property in Wallaceton,-The farm- Ewen farm near that city. Box's best boys was called to tamp lesting seed corn here. Good seed Taylor, Feb. 5th.-Luther Gabbard corn is very scarce here. - Dan writes that his present location is Botkin, known as flig Dan, has reat Chickamanga Park, Tenn.-A. B. Jarned from Bagdad, Ky., where he Babbard and wife visited their son has been working for T. It. Brown at Bond the first of the week, and in the dairy business, and is now Breech, our County Superintendent, Elva Brewer have gone to spend a while there attended meeting that farming for himself on the farm of was being held there by Granville Lon Stowe of this place. Jourson of Hamilton.—Eva Cabbard We have received news from an unsome little excitement last Thursshort Theorems and the business trip to known source that three of Jackson day night for a while for some folks County's young men have gone day night for a while for some folks when the Anrora Borealis, or norther testing of their seed corn, and to Academy, spent last week in this but the left way to France. form while on their way to France. If it is true, they left many friends to monru their loss. Their names are cutriss human, John Edwards and Jeff Hillard.—We believe all often they are visible this far sontb. and Jeff Hillard.—We believe all often like are visible this far sontb. the hoys that are serving their country enjoy reading The Litizen. Amore spent Sumlay with Mr. and hearing of friends at home.—

Moore spent Sumlay with Mr. and hearing of friends at home.—

and Mrs. Kit Parks.—Acy Parks of the Sumlay with Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Mainous, Spence and sous, Bill, Sherman and And a lefter from you would most baby is recovering from a very sesurely find space in The Citizen.
and be appreciated by all.—Uncle
Dan Parker has moved to his place from Letter lbx.—Charley of Richmond, were gnests at the Calterna and Mrs. Charles to the inspiring of Richmond, were gnests at the constraint of Richmond, were gnests at the constraint of Richmond and Mrs. Charles to the inspiring only spent the week end on Shurgeon and edifying sermons preached by Gabbard was called before the board home of Mr. and Mrs. M. ft. Flanery to be examined last Friday, but last Thursday - hail Todd was a Walter Mainons and Everett Ross Hurch, was rejected.

Green Hall

pleasant spring-like weather has a good price. Mr. Moore sold his changed to very root, and it seems to farm to a Mr. Brown of Whites ns unpleasant.-Kenneth McCollum Station.-E. B. Warford, who sold Disputanta, March 12. killed a snake, Friday, March 8th, his farm recently, has purchased Ramey, of Terre flante, Ind., is here the first one heard of in the neight another of Mrs. Joe Bales on the visiting home folks for a few days. horhood.-The infant child of Mr. Brooksville pike, containing about -There was a working at Charley ble had a clearing last Thursday. Iwo head of hogs to his brothers, John Croncher, of Hamilton, O., has She had about a dozen helpers, and Roorge and Arch, last week.-Miss returned home; and went to Mt. got a big day's work above. — Mrs. Leona Webb, who has been at home Vernon Monday, to be examined for Holeomh farm in Jackson County Naucy Margarel William's family the past week, will return to Berea the war draft.-There was regular have all recovered from measles. to school today. Waldo McCollum returned to Ohio ton, the coming week.

MADISON COUNTY

calls was witnessed by the people Johnson. of this section on the night of March 7. Your correspondent Coyle, March 9. — Jimurie Sino)—
There has been preaching at the sen witnessed a number of splendid sen has been working for J. M. PowThomas school house for the past Coming of Christ" was delivered today. by Mr. Itix. He is a live and enthusiastic Christian gentleman and juppresses his hearers with his carnest and zealous views.-Arch downpour of rain.

Wallaceton

Parrot, March 11. - Some farm- Wilson had the misfortime of losers are sowing outs and some are ing a good one year old mule,-Mr. ton, to Miss Annie Kennon, of 1'p- meet at the Bethlehem school house plowing for corn this line weather. Freeman of East Bernstailt is vis- per Hardwick's Creek. - The oil on the 4th Saturday of each month - We were sorry to hear of the iting his daughter, Mrs. Liza Greech, well drilled on 15, W. (Bark's farm at 1:00 o'clock. - Chester Crank, a -florn, on March 3, to Mr. and Mrs. The first young Ithode Island Bed by the lease holders, Oldemborf, the winter in Akron, O., came home John Seals, a girl, named Ida.-E. chicks in this vicinity. -This vi- Hannam and Clark, of Mt. Carmel, Thursday. - Mrs. Elizabeth Whick-T. Cornelt preached at Letter Box cinity was shocked at hearing of Ill., and pronounced a dry hole ers and daughter, Nora, of Green Saturday and Sunday. He also ad- the sudden death of Mrs. Annie Da- when they left it, is now a gustier Hall, were Sturgeon visitors Tuesministered baptism to four caudida- vis. of Livingston. She was the and has overflowed with oil recent-day. - Dr. J. A. Mahaffey, a man Emma Price and Bamba Johnson. - Asher of this place. We extend to it out in the near future. - The oil who know him best, has gone to School closed at Black Lick the them our heartfelt sympathy in fever is running high at Stanton at Louisville for medical advice. --Vesta Calliban, one of Letter ers are taking much interest in Kingston

Moore's sale was well attended run their logs to market Tuesday. Green Hall, March 11. - Our last Saturday and everything brot

Silver Creek

Sunday were regular church meet- at W. A. Johnson's,-Della and Lil- day, going to Johnetta to linish ing days at Bock Springs church, lie Hattleld entertained several of school for Mrs. Sam Itobinson, who There was a nice crowd out early the young people Saturday night, has been sick. day,-Mrs. F. E. McCollum expects All report a good time,-"Aunt Salto make a business trip to Lexing- by Johnson is very sick.-Mammie Itichardson, of Hamilton, is visiting her mother, Mrs. W. D. Lewis .-Charlie Baker and John R. Nellev thue Lick, March 11.—A magnif-Mrs. W. A. Johnson and daughter, have form the venture of the Appendix of the Ap icent speciacle of the Aurora Bor- Eva, spent Sunday with Mrs. John 25, for Camp Taylor for army ser-

(during the Cavil War never ex-(during the Civil War never ex-ceeded in splemler and magnitude the weather is pretty; some are not termen and had prayer meeting.-the recent aurora not to be seen thru gathering corn yet. — Mrs. the recent aurora not to be seen thru gathering corn yet. — Mrs. Viana Winkler and sister, once in a lifetime in this latitude.— Luther Witt has been visiting ber Mary Spivey, of Ravenna, are visonce in a lifetime in this facting.— Island, who parents for few days, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Spivey, of Havenina, are viscoling Odell of Columbus, O., who parents for few days, Mr. and Mrs. is engineer on he Hig Four rail- Millard Winkler .- Mr. and Mrs. road, accompanied by his wife. James Powell are rejoicing over the Hutler Spivey. visited friends and relatives in this arrival of a new grandson at the section last week on their return home of Mr. and Mrs. James Told. from Florida where they had spent March 1st. They christened him their variation.-Mr. Hindson and Elmo Bene.-Itoy Turpin spent from Mr. Itix of Berea, visited at Blue Friday until Sunday with his aunt.

POWELL COUNTY Clay Clty

it. Flanery who leaches physical have begun their spring work right. training in a fattle Creek high such as plowing, fencing, repairing Prove was in town the first of the school visits the Camp Custer can-old and constructing new huildings, week for a few days' shopping.tonment frequently to aid in the and turning things around in gen- The Board of Supervisors are in

POTTS' GOLD DUST FLOUR

BRIGHTER, WHITER AND LIGHTER ; Than Any Other Brand

this county for farm power pur-bad seed corn, etc. "Our neighbor poses. - The sudden passing of boys," said Frye, "are giving, -one Judge H. C. Kinnard came as very an arm, one a leg, one an eye, for sad news, as Mr. Kinnard had been your family and for mine, and what a very close friend to the writer, are we giving? Individually we in line past, and of whose death could do a little, but thru cooperawe sadly deplore. - The marriages tion and organization, nation wide, ly are as follows: John Hiley, of ing this most impressive address Vaughus Mill, to Miss Alene Tom- of the year, our district divided into linson, a former student of three a (1 Farmers' Club for testing seed College; Ernest Gravelte to Miss corn, co-operative buying, selling, Willaceton, March H. - J. S. futh Davis, also a former student etc. (2 A Woman's Club for home our factory. at Berea; Frank Kennon, of Stan- improvement. These clubs will

OWSLEY COUNTY Scoville

our County Agent, L. F. Morgap, now is the time, if it doesn't sprout, Agent for Perry County, Andy buy! - Mrs. Ida Hudson and Miss and Strother Watson, a Presbyteri- week at the home of ex-Judge Jno. an minister, gave the farmers of F. Brewer, in Madison County. this vicinity a lecture at the Buck Lestie and Clement Brewer and J. at this place. - Mr. and Mrs. Met- Fred, and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cook with relatives. - Charlie Peters, the Beys, G. W. Scale and Charles

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY Disputanta

meeting at Macidonia last Salor-

ESTILL COUNTY

Witt, March 11 .-- We are having some tine weather, and people vice, - Miss Buth Winn has been visiting home folks a few days. -

LEE COUNTY Beattyville

Heattyville, March 12. - Four good producing oil wells came in Lick Sumlay. A splendid and in- Mrs. Will Hendrick.—Willie Mundy last week in the Hig Sinking and spiring sermon on "The Second attended the sale of C. B. Moore Caves Fork country, this country. within the last few days and will be in operation in the next week .-Sgts, Joyce Hensley and Oscar Combe are visiting here at present on a may taly, March H. - Furmers furlough from Camp Shelby, Miss. -Miss Mary Ann Thomas of Pine training of raw recruits. He will eral, - H. H. Harrison, our County session here this week, composed soon enter the service in this ca- Agent, and Mr. Caudle will give a of W. C. Evans, T. H. Farley and pacity. - Uncle "Boog" Kinnard demonstration in seed corn testing James K. Coomer.-Monday was was buried at the Johnson grave- at the Vaughn Mill school house be- County Court Day, which brought yard, March 7. The Rev. Mr. Eng- night. - R. W. and Carl Garrett in a very large crowd from the lish, pastor of the Baptist church have just received a new oil tract- country and much business was in Berea, conducted the obsequies, or to put in operation on their transacted,-th. E. Tyree, County which were interrupted by a heavy splendid farm near this city. This Attorney, made a business trip to is the first tractor ever brought to frying, first of the week for a few days.—School is progressing nicely here and at St. Helens and Heidelberg, and with splendid attendance for this time of year.

OWSLEY COUNTY Sturgeon

Sturgeon, March H .- Thursday, at one o'clock, to a large and enthusiastic audience of the Bethlehem school district, our County Agent, P. M. Frye, presented in an imusually clear and forceful manner, the new opportunities, duties and responsibilities placed upon us because of the war, food shortage.

ltobl. N. Whicker, of Hotner, was here Wednesday on business. This community has plenty of frish petatoes at \$1.25 per bushel. - If Scoville, March 7. - P. M. Frye, you haven't tested your seed corn

it. Thirst is going on the Allen that have gone to the front. till fall. The report is he has rented ... The stave null is in operation day and Sunday, with Sherdian on the slave mill is in operation the farm of it. Morris. — The oil Log Lick, March 10. — The Itey, joining collapsed and fell on the

Enlist in the Great Industrial Army and Assist Our Government

This is not only a commercial but a patriotic propositaking place in this vicinity recent- we can can the Kaiser." Follow- tion as well. Our Government is making strong demands on us to furnish spokes for army use. In order to make good our contracts with the Government we call upon our farmer friends to do their best to get their spoke timber to

The Standard Wheel Company is in need to-day of one and one-half million escort spokes, either oak or hickory, size 25% in. x 25% in. x 29 in. long, and five millions of other kinds of spokes. Don't be afraid you will glut the market. We want these spokes within the next six months. Our factory will remain at Berea so long as you furnish us the timber to operate on.

We Offer the Following Prices on Spokes Delivered at Berea or on L. & N. R. R. between Jellico and Berea

SPLIT HICKORY SPOKES

Eith	er Rec	or \	Whi	ite 7	Tim	be		
					Price	-	[000	Pieces
$13_4 \times 24_4 - 15$	inches l	ong.'H	licko	ry or	nly,	۰	. \$	7.00
2%x3 -16	inches l	ong -						35 00
$2\frac{1}{4}x3\frac{1}{4}-16$	Inches 1	ong .			٠			40,00
$\frac{3\frac{1}{2}x3\frac{1}{4}-16}{2x2\frac{1}{4}-28}$								50,110
25 x2 1/4 - 29	all Whit	le Tim	ber	Wh	ite			
	Timber					•		60.00
116x2 -28	AB, 40	ong, 60 per cei) per nt C	cen D -	1		•	12.00
Second G	rowth	Whit	le d	& Cl	hes	tn	ut (Oak
$2\frac{3}{6}x2\frac{3}{6}-29$	inches l	ong -			•	•		60 00
2^{5} _H x3 -16	inches l	ong ·			•			35.00
$2^{1}(x3^{1}-16)$	inches 1	ong ·						40.00
$3^{1}/3^{1}/-16$	inches I	ong ·			٠			50.00
All spokes m holes, wind s split o		nots, bi	rd p	ecks	and	cre	ook!	

Standard Wheel Co.

Kentucky

Island City, March 11. - Mrs. auce of the sky Thursday night. - families of Winchester visited De. Courtry is still confined to her hed Mrs. Sarah Peters had a nice crowd A. T. Neal and wife last Smiday .-

CLARK COUNTY Log Lick

tind employment. — Saturday and and Wash A. Johnson spent Sunday of Barts passed through here Sun--P. M. Frye and others gave a very Lick Christian Church, The church more people during the high wind interesting talk at our Graded so far is without a regular pastor. -torm which prevailed at that time. School house Thursday night on the Born to the wife of Tack Wills, - We can now hear the croaking subject of agriculture. The people February 28, a little daughter. - of the frog which we think is a seem to not understand the appear- Messrs, J. H. and J. W. Dawson and

but does not claim to suffer mucle, at Sumlay-school Sunday. Every- Acie Mblock and wife were blessed The little boy of Nathan Fields body likes Mrs. Peters as superin- by the arrival of a fine boy in their is slowly improving, - N. L. Dentry tendent. - R. J. Bownian has re- home March 9th. Dr. A. T. Neal has returned to Fincastle after a puried from Hartwell, O., where he had the misfortime of getting his week's stay with his sick mother.— has been visiting his sister, Mrs. arm fractured near the wrist bella Norris, for a few days. — We about two weeks ago, but so far he ing very slowly.—Mrs. Sissiy Venable land a clearing last Thursday.

King's last week; several were T. H. Harst that was sold at the book from the land did a good deal of work.—

The land of large to his boothers to his boothers. debts, \$1,800, and is now moving to left to make provision for them latter's mother yesterday near Win-

Saturday night while the people were at one of the picture shows in Winchester a taller building ad-

Swift & Company **Publicity**

At a recent hearing of the Federal Trade Commission there was introduced correspondence taken from the private files of Swift & Company, which showed that the Company had been considering for some time an educational advertising campaign.

The need for this publicity has been apparent to us for several years. The gross misrepresentation to which we have recently been subjected has convinced us that we should no longer delay in putting before the public the basic facts of our business, relying on the fair-mindedness of the American people.

The feeling against the American packer is based largely on the belief that the income and well-being of the producer and consumer are adversely affected by the packers' operations, resulting in unreasonably large profits.

Swift & Company's net profit is reasonable, and represents an insignificant factor in the cost of living.

For the fiscal year 1917 the total said and not profit of Swift & Company were as follows:

Sales \$875,000,000. **Profits** \$34,650,000.

This is equivalent to a \$3,465, profit on a business of \$87,500.



If Swift & Company had made no profit at all, the cattle raiser would have received only one-eighth of a cent per pound more for his cattle, or the consumer would have saved only one-quarter of a cent per pound on dressed beef.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.